BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, Real Estate Brokers.

# The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIII--NO. 109. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR.

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

**LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.**

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

**Town Property and Farming Lands**

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

jan15-1yr

BRITISH COLUMBIA

**LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd**

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

**LAND FOR SALE.**

**JAMES BURNS,**

INSURANCE AGENT

OFFICE.--No. 5 TROUNCE AVENUE, VICTORIA, B. C.

Has for sale twelve and one-half acres lying between Saanich and Gorge Roads, and fronting on Garbally Road.

This piece of land is very well situated for building sites, has been subdivided and is now offered for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Some advantages of this property are: Its nearness to the centre of the city, and to the foundries and factories on the north side. It lies between two leading thoroughfares to and from town, within five minutes walk of the tram cars. Church and school convenient. For recreation Victoria Arm is in the immediate vicinity. Within the radius of the electric light. Land high and dry, sloping gently to the south, easily drained, good soil, and in every way well adapted for residential purposes.

For plans and all particulars apply at the office of the

GLASGOW AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,

AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS. mcl

**IRVING & JOHNSTON,**

**REAL ESTATE BROKERS,**

TROUNCE AVENUE.

PARTIAL PROPERTY LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2½ acres St. Charles Avenue | $ 6,000 |
| 2½ acres, with 2-story house on Gorge Road | 11,000 |
| 175 acres on Saanich Inlet | 3,000 |
| 4 lots on Foul Bay Road---easy terms | 1,400 |
| 2 lots on Yates street | 2,500 |
| 1 lot on Foul Bay | 400 |
| 1 lot on Douglas street---easy terms | 1,200 |
| 4 lots on Menzies street (James Bay) | 2,750 |
| Lot and 2-story house on Belcher street | 4,500 |
| 2 lots on King's Road | 2,500 |
| Lot and 2 houses, Yates street | 11,000 |
| Lots in Beckley Farm, James Bay | 1,000 |
| 5 acres Oak Bay Avenue | 6,000 |
| 1 lot Humboldt street (corner), easy terms | 1,800 |
| 4 acres and house, Lansdowne Road | 4,500 |
| 2 acres Cedar Hill Road | 2,000 |
| 25 acres Saanich Road | 5,000 |
| 5½ acres do. do. | 1,000 |
| 2 acres St. Charles Avenue | 2,400 |
| 1 acre do. do (corner) | 1,400 |
| 2 lots Beacon street, James Bay | 1,000 ea. |
| 1 lot and large house, Chatham street, Spring Ridge---only $600 cash, balance on time | 3,000 |
| 1 lot Parry street, James Bay (half cash) | 800 |
| 3 lots Vancouver and Parkington streets | 4,200 |
| 1 house and lot North Park street---easy terms | 3,500 |

—ALSO—

Lots in New Westminster, Port Towsend, Port Angeles, Nanaimo, and Nelson City.

ap4

**The Company of the Haras National.**

FOURTH IMPORTATION.

36 French Coach, Percheron, Breton Stallions, Just Received. For Sale or to Hire. Very Favorable Terms.

STABLES AT OUTREMONT, NEAR MONTREAL. LS. BEAUBIEN, - - President. | OFFICE: 30 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL. R. AUZIAS TURENNE, - Manager. ap22

**LADIES' VISITES.**

A SPECIAL LINE OF

**Ladies' Lace and Beaded Visites,**

JUST OPENED!

These are Samples, and no two are alike.

—ALSO—

FRESH ARRIVALS IN PRINTED LAWNS, AND BORDERED ROBE PRINTS.

**THE WHITE HOUSE ---HENRY YOUNG & CO.**

**MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.**

Japanese Merchants and General Importers,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA,

Have received by the S.S. "Parthia" a select parcel of goods suitable for the Spring and Summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.

All kinds of Japan Tea, both black and green.

IMPORTANT---Special Notice.

Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gabriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazaar," 45 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk Goods, Costumes, Gloves, Corsets, Jewellery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.

—REAL BARGAINS.—

Our great success during the short time our store has been open, conclusively proves the need of a Japanese Store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price. We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at close prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

41 Fort Street, Victoria.

**ROBINSON & CO.**

58 Fort Street,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS. m2

WANTS.

**WANTED!**

A COMMON-LAW CLERK. APPLY to DRAKE, JACKSON & CO., Solicitors, Vancouver, B. C. ap19 tf

WANTED—A duly qualified Teacher for the Cowichan School. Duties to commence on the 1st May. Apply W. S. MARSHALL, Sec'y, Koksilah Post Office. ap19-6t

TWO YOUNG MEN (age 25) of good address and education seek employment, indoor or outdoor, latter preferred. Not afraid of work. P. O. Box 445, Victoria. ap17-3t

ENGLISH LADY desires engagement as mother's help; domesticated; good needlewoman; protestant; age 21; country not objected to. References exchanged. Address "G.," COLONIST office. ap17-3t

**WANTED!**

A GOOD WAITRESS for the Windsor House, Nanaimo. Good wages will be given to a suitable person. Address—

H. DEMPSEY, "Windsor House," Nanaimo. ap13-1w

AMUSEMENTS.

**I. O. O. F. CELEBRATION.**

THE 70TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE Order of Odd Fellows will be held at their hall, Douglas street, on Friday, April 25, 1890, by a SOCIAL DANCE. Tickets to be had of the following committee:—W. H. Flewin, W. E. Holmes, A. J. Day, G. H. Maynard, P. Dempster, J. Davies, G. Jeeves, Cox, Martin: Sisters—Mrs. Walker, Miss J. Carne, Miss S. Mill. ap20-td

**B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.**

THE ANNUAL DINNER OF THE Society will be held on Wednesday evening, 23rd April, 1890. Tickets $2.50 each, may be obtained from the undersigned, or G. Powell, J. Braden, J. B. Lovell, G. Fairbrother, H. W. Sheppard, H. A. Lavin.

ap15 JOHN J. AUSTIN, Sec'y.

**FEAST OF DAYS.**

LADIES' AID SOCIETY —OF— St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church

Will hold the above Feast in the School Room of the Church,

On Wednesday, April 23rd.

Open at 11 a. m. Admittance 25c.

Lunch will be served in the Lecture Hall from 12 till 2. ap16

**VICTORIA -:- THEATRE.**

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

The 28th and 29th April,

2 GRAND -:- PERFORMANCES 2

Of the highly successful Comic Opera,

**ERMINIE,**

In aid of the

B. C. BENEVOLENT SOC'Y

Large Chorus of 50 Voices. FULL ORCHESTRA.

Elegant Costumes and Appointments, (Made expressly for this production in San Francisco.)

PRICES OF ADMISSION: Parquette, $1.00; Dress Circle $1.00; Gallery, 50 cents.

TICKETS are now on sale, and can be obtained from any member of the committee of the Benevolent Society, or at the leading stores. Reserve seats at Lombard's Music Store on and after Monday the 21st instant. ap18-10t

**CELEBRATION**

—OF—

**Her Majesty's Birthday!**

OFFICERS OF THE VARIOUS organizations desirous of taking part in the celebration of 24th May, are requested to communicate with me as to what part they will take in the proposed celebration, in time to lay proposals before the general committee, to be held at 8 p. m. on Monday, the 21st instant.

S. PERRY MILLS, Hon. Secretary.

April 17th, 1890. ap18

TENDERS.

**MUNICIPAL.**

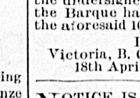
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the City Clerk's office up to Wednesday, the 23rd day of April inst., at 4 p. m., for the work of strengthening James Bay Bridge in accordance with plans and specifications which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. ap13 td

LOST—An oil cup or axletree cap of a Carriage, by Peters & Son, London. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at COLONIST office. ap19-4t

LOST—White Japanese Pug Dog, tan ears. Anyone returning same to 79 Kane street, or this office, will be rewarded. ap18-3t



BARQUE NANAIMO, CAPT. J. NEWBY, Hence at Shanghai.

ANY CLAIMS against this Vessel, up to the 10th March last, are to be rendered to the undersigned not later than 25th inst., the Barque having changed ownership on the aforesaid 10th day of March.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents. Victoria, B. C., 18th April, 1890. ap19

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Trustees of James Bay Athletic Association, held on the [illegible]th April instant, an assessment of 50 cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the above Association, payable at their office on or before the 30th April, 1890.

ap20 H. B. YOUNG, Sec.

**NOTICE.**

ALL THOSE WHO TAKE AN INTEREST in the establishment of a new Building Loan and Investment Association can obtain Prospectus from the undersigned, and are requested to attend the initiatory meeting on Friday next at 8 p. m. at Harmony Hall.

JAS. A. COHEN, Printer, 38 Fort Street. ap20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A good General Servant. Highest wages paid. Apply 33 Gorge road. ap22-1t

WANTED—A competent woman as nurse. Apply at 4 Belleville Street. ap22

**PLEASURE SLOOP**

FOR SALE—FULL-RIGGED, LEAD ballast, etc. Almost new. Apply "P. H.," this office. ap22-1w

**A CARD.**

BISHOP LEMMENS REQUESTS THAT his name be left out of the contest now being carried on for the winning of an arm chair offered as a prize by the "Times" newspaper. No fault is found with the principle itself of the scheme from a moral point of view. ap22

**Sons of England Benefit Society**

A BRANCH LODGE of the above Society is about to be established in Victoria. Persons wishing to join can obtain all information by applying

ap22 1w P. O. Box 109, Victoria, B. C.

**A. O. U. WORKMEN.**

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE members of this Order is called for Saturday the 26th inst., at 8 p. m., at the lodge room of Lodge No. 19, Government st., to meet Grand Master T. A. Stephens, when a full attendance is requested.

W. H. MASON, M. W. No. 19.

ap22 R. SEABROOK, M. W. No. 77.

**Estate of F. H. ROBSON, of Kamloops, in Liquidation.**

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to Thursday, the 15th day of May, for the purchase of the following undermentioned property belonging to the above estate, viz:

1st. Stock of merchandise and furniture in store, a complete list of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or on the premises at Kamloops.

2nd. Store building, including fixtures, and lot upon which it is situated, being lot 8, block 30, town of Kamloops.

3rd. For corner lot in block 1, 100ft x 256ft. (fronting on three streets,) with frontage of 256 feet on First Avenue, Kamloops.

A separate tender is requested for each of the properties enumerated.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. W. C. Martin, at present in charge of the premises.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. P. RITHET, Assignee of the Estate.

Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1890. ap22

**NOTICE.**

ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN will observe that I will be absent from the city till May 14th. Parties having any interest in my leaving will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Victoria, April 21st, 1890. I. BRAVERMAN. ap22-3t

**CEDAR HILL PARK.**

100 ACRES!

With a frontage of about

2,200 feet on Cordova Bay,

One hour's drive from Post Office, and

BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED

For suburban residences—partly cleared, good road and fine marine view.

TERMS—Part cash, balance six per cent. in 3 years.

W. H. DANBY, 57 Gov't street. mar28-tf

**GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.**

**AUCTION FURNITURE.**

Thursday, 24th April, 11 A.M.,

I will sell by auction, on the premises 128 Vancouver street, between View and Yates streets,

All the furniture contained in a six-roomed house, consisting of 3 furnished bedrooms, parlor furniture, curtains, blinds, ornaments, carpets, easy chairs, centre table, pictures, clock, lamps.

A nearly New Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FINE No. 8 MODEL RANGE, With hot water Tank and Heating Oven.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer. ap22

**To Close Out an Estate.**

TENDERS

Will be received up to noon of MAY 1st, 1890,

for the purchase of the following Real Estate in the

CITY OF VICTORIA.

1st. All that house and lots known as 51 Fisgard street.

2nd. All that house and lot known as 39 Cook street, at present occupied by Capt. Benson.

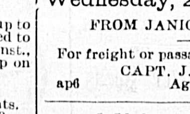
3rd. All of those lots known and described as lots numbers 29, 30 and 31, of the Fernwood Estate.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders to be addressed to—

MR. CHAS. ELLIOTT, Care of FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Victoria, B. C. ap22-td

**For Fort Simpson and Way Ports.**



The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ,

Will sail for the north on

Wednesday, 23rd, at 1 p. m.

FROM JANION'S WHARF.

For freight or passage apply to CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Agent, Government St. ap6

**MUNICIPAL.**

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT certain alterations having been made to the original plan and specifications of the proposed work on James Bay Bridge, tenderers on the said work are hereby requested to consult the said alterations (which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor) before completing and handing in their tenders.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, April 18, 1890. ap22

## STANLEY'S BOOK.

### Race of Forest Dwarfs Discovered in Africa's Interior.

Graphic Illustrations of the Character of the Inhabitants of the Dark Continent.

LONDON, April 20.—Stanley's book is completed. The work abounds in graphic illustrations of the character of the inhabitants of the dark continent and contains curious details concerning the forests dwarfs to whom his letters referred and in whom the interest of the civilized world is aroused. In his description of the dwarfs Stanley states that they possess many good qualities which are wholly unsuspected by all except those who have come into immediate relations with them and who have cultivated their friendship.

The race is markedly intelligent and possesses a decidedly higher grade of morality than the negro. It is the only monogamous race in Africa and stands quite alone in regard for the sacredness of the marital relations. The dwarfs are skilled workers in iron and betray more ready adaptability to civilization than any other people of that region. The dwarf queen became a great friend of Stanley and Dr. Parker and accompanied them on the expedition for a considerable part of their road, but unfortunately she died.

Parker publishes an exhaustive and interesting account of his medical experiences in Africa. He describes an extraordinary disease rife among the natives in the neighborhood of the lakes. It is produced by the larvæ of worms, which enter the body through the feet and extend their progress upward as far as the hip. Their presence causes severe swellings and ulcers and death.

Stanley applies his facts to theories relating to the ultimate rise of the negroes in the scale of civilization. He places them more on an equality with the whites than most of the explorers are willing to admit.

This seems to be due to his better knowledge of them consequent upon his Christian sympathy with their natures, and his invariable efforts to cultivate their good will and respectful intimacy.

At the Brussels anti-slavery conference in May Stanley will dwell on the horrors of practices resorted to by the Arab ivory hunters in getting their goods, which are worse than the practices of the slave hunters, since the latter have an interest in the lives of their slaves, while the former kill and burn all before them.

Stanley says the forest dwarfs have the oldest history in the world, tracing their lineage back for fifty centuries.

## THE "HARAS NATIONAL."

### An Institution Commending Itself to Canadian Horse Breeders.

In another column will be found an advertisement of considerable importance as well as interest to the horse raisers of British Columbia. Sometime ago the Hon. Louis Beaubien of Montreal, conceived the idea of making Canada independent, as much as possible, of improving and sustaining the standard of horses in this country by importations from Europe. Of course he had to look to Europe in the first instance, to carry out his plan. He commenced on the principle of importing a few thoroughbred Percheron, Arab, Norman, Breton, and other horses, and keeping them for breeding purposes alone. Having established the principle it was found to work so well that it attracted the notice of the Quebec and Dominion departments of agriculture, both of which looked with considerable favor on Mr. Beaubien's plan. Like all good projects, it grew apace, until now the "Haras National" is well and widely known throughout Canada. There is also a large ranch in connection with it in Denver, Col. From the enterprise of one man the project has now developed into a powerful company with European connections with the various governments. By this means the company are guaranteed the best horses that can be obtained, and a full register is kept in conjunction with those departments of the pedigree and record of the horses imported.

The enterprise has received such favorable support throughout Eastern Canada that its promoters are thinking of extending it to the northwest, where it will prove most beneficial, and where it cannot fail to commend itself to those interested in raising and maintaining the standard of the Canadian horse. The horses at present in the company's possession are first prize winners at all the agricultural exhibitions in Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces. A fresh importation has been made this spring, so that an extra number of horses will be sent on circuit this season.

**GYMKHANA RACE MEETING,**

Saturday, 26th April.

VICTORIA DRIVING PARK, - 2 P. M.

Tickets to be had of T. N. HIBBEN & Co. Extra Tram Cars will run. ap22-6t

**NOTICE.**

**To Real Estate Owners.**

THOSE WHO REQUIRE THEIR LAND laid out into blocks or lots of either one, two, four or six acres, will find it to their advantage by applying to

W. E. DEVEREUX, PORT ANGELES CENTRAL HOTEL.

Parties out in every part of the State. Will only remain here two weeks.

18th April, 1890 ap20-6t

**DR. LEWIS HALL,**

DENTIST,

GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.

Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and ether given for painless extraction of teeth.

CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.

Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.

Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

**CANARIES FOR SALE**

COCKS AND HENS. Apply to W. R. CLARKE. mc28

**GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.**

Real Estate Agents,

52 LANGLEY STREET.

Property for Sale on Easy Terms.

PROPERTY ON THE ESQUIMALT Road.

LOTS ON FORT, COLLINSON, ALFRED and Henry Streets.

LOTS ON FERNWOOD ESTATE AND Stanley Avenue.

LOTS ON JAMES BAY.

10 ACRES CEDAR HILL ROAD.

27 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC., ON Gordon Head Road.

14 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC., ON Gordon Head Road.

HOUSE AND LOT ON ALFRED ST.

RESIDENCES ON COOK, FORT AND View Streets.

LOTS ON BEACON HILL.

10 ACRES BURNSIDE ROAD.

290 ACRES PENDER ISLAND. mcl

## MINUTES OF COUNCIL OF BRITISH COLUMBIA BOARD OF TRADE.

RE. FISHERIES REGULATIONS.

The board, having in view the various suggestions made to the Department of Marine and Fisheries from time to time, with the object of securing regulations conducive to the preservation of the fishing industry on our rivers, while considering the large vested interests of those engaged therein, is of opinion that the order in council of 14th March, 1890, defining certain regulations inter alia, fixing number of licenses and the sums payable therefor is generally of a discriminating character as affecting the river fisheries and of very doubtful practicability of application.

The board would submit for the serious consideration of the honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries the regulations suggested by the department to the canners and their delegates, and their reports thereon as invited by the minister forwarded to the local inspector under date the 15th and 16th January last, as a more equitable adjustment, temporarily, of a matter involving such far-reaching and important interests to the province and the Dominion.

The Board would also direct the attention of the Minister to the fact that circumstances have considerably tended to modify the opinions laid before the department prior to the regulations of limitations of licenses as suggested by the Board, the objects desired thereby not having since been acquired, and it would seem doubtful whether the system of limitation referred to can be fairly carried out without seriously affecting the fishing industry.

The Board recognizing the difficulties in arranging regulations of a generally suitable character, strongly reiterates the opinion that the solution of this vexed question which has been a source of irritation to a large and important class for some time past, is only to be obtained from a thoroughly practical acquaintance with the local surroundings and conditions.

The Board therefore trusts that the honorable the minister will, either personally or by competent and impartial deputies as a commission, visit the rivers during the fishing season and acquire such information as will lead to regulations based upon the necessities, as produced from such personal observations and enquiries.

ROBERT WARD, J. P., President.

Victoria, B. C., 19th April, 1890.

## "BEAVER" RECOLLECTIONS.

### A Chat with the Captain who Commanded the First Pacific Steamboat.

Thoughts of the old Beaver, steamer now lying on the rocks near Vancouver, call up comparisons of the class of steamboat in use to-day and that of, say, thirty years since. Steam as a motive power was then practically in its youth; and some of the improvements now in common use were then unthought of. As a matter of fact it is a wonder to the engineers of the present day that some of the old-time boats were not blown clean out of the water, so crude were the appliances. Happening to hear the name of the old Beaver yesterday, the cheerful face of Captain Rudlin, of the Islander, lit up with an unspeakable pleasure. It was his first love, and he liked to speak of her and and hear her spoken of.

"Ah, yes," he said, dreamily, "there's a wonderful difference between the steamboats of her day and those now. Here's the Islander carrying 160 pounds of steam, while the Beaver used to carry only from two and a half to ten pounds. I have towed vessels with her with a pressure of between two and a half to five pounds."

I mind one occasion," said the captain with a smile, "the engineer told me there was a hole in one of the boilers. I asked him what we should do, but he said he thought he could fix it. He got two or three sacks, rolled them together and jammed them into the hole. We were towing the W. H. Bessie, a vessel carrying about seventeen hundred tons of coal, and we got her in."

"To show you what little steam she carried, there was one winter, it was pretty cold in coming up the gulf, when the steam guage of the engine was frozen on several occasions. Of course this didn't interfere with her running. Jimmy Wallace was engineer at the time. The pipe was frozen as well as the guage, but we went along right enough."

"How do I look at the boats now as compared with the old timers? Well, I think they've made great improvements. The old Beaver's pistons used to be packed with rope which was burned out, or the steam would blow it out sometimes, and no matter where we were we would have to stop and fix it. Now they have everything fitted up with rings and plates in splendid style."

"Don't you think, captain, that it is a sort of sacrilege to allow the old thing to go to ruin as she is?

"I think it's a shame to allow her to lie there. She ought to be taken down and made into sleeve buttons, brooches, anything you like to preserve her memory. There's hardly a man in town who would not give half a dollar or a dollar for a pair of sleeve buttons made from the lever of the first steamship that was ever in the Pacific."

"Dear, dear," soliliquised the captain, "when she first came to this coast she frightened the wits out of the poor Indians, who ran into the woods and hid themselves when they saw her. They thought it was the devil that came up smoking, puffing and steaming; but they soon got over that and it was necessary to put up boarding to keep them away."

## SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

### LACROSSE.

The Toronto Empire says: "The Torontos have abandoned their proposed trip to the Pacific Coast." In this connection it is stated that the Ninetieths, of Winnipeg, have received an offer from Vancouver to take a trip out there this fall, and this matter is now being considered by the executive of the club.

### CYCLING.

The Victoria Jockey Club are making arrangements for a 5-mile bicycle race, or a race bicycle vs. horse, at their spring meeting.

### CRICKET.

The Victoria Cricket Club have commenced practice.

## EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

### Parnell's Amendment to the Land Purchase Bill.

### O'Brien's Novel, Written While He Was in Prison.

The Action Against Sir George Elliott—The Austrian Government Prepared for Trouble on May Day.

PRIMROSE DAY.

LONDON, April 21.—London was literally painted yellow on Saturday in commemoration of the anniversary of the death of Lord Beaconsfield. The statue of the Tory statesman was completely covered with primroses and the crowds in the vicinity were so dense that the services of a large auxilliary force of police were brought into requisition to clear the square. The entire celebration was under the auspices of the Primrose League, whose membership, it is announced, has reached the number of 907,000.

PARNELL'S AMENDMENT.

Great interest centres in Mr. Parnell's amendment to the Balfour land purchase bill. Mr. Gladstone is expected to make an important speech in support of the amendment and as it will be his first appearance since the recess there is sure to be a large attendance and an appreciative audience. The possibility that Parnell will also speak adds to the public interest. He is heard so rarely, and there is so much mystery and singularity about him that his set speeches are regarded as marked events. As for Gladstone, he now attracts not alone by his great fame as a stateman and orator, but also by the fact which every one realizes that the privilege of hearing him must soon, in the course of nature, be a thing of the past.

THE BOOTMAKER'S STRIKE.

The strike of the bootmakers is not yet settled. The managers of the strike claim that the employers played a clever trick in order to demoralize the strikers. They made temporary concessions and managed to have the statement widely published that the strike was ended. The object was to stop donations of money which were coming in from all quarters in aid of the striking workmen. This purpose was very largely successful, and the concession was repudiated, thus leaving the workmen in a worse position than ever. The managers claim to be able, however, to maintain the organization of the men until the situation becomes generally understood and contributions again begin coming in.

PROBABLE CIVIL WAR.

There is every reason to believe that the first gun of civil war will be fired in Crete to-day at Ambellos where all preparations for such an event have been made.

PARNELL'S SPEECH.

In moving the rejection of the Land Purchase Bill, Parnell said he welcomed Balfour as the latest recruit to the ranks of land reformers. But while his associates and himself accepted the action of the government as a recognition by it of the rightfulness of the land for the principle for the people, they could not admit that the present bill offered a satisfactory solution of the question. The initial question was how far would the British taxpayers go in lending the credit of the nation to the Irish landlord. Experience had with Gladstone's bill of 1886, Parnell said, showed that they would not be willing to go far enough to settle the difficulty. The bill, he asserted, was simply intended to enable one-ninth of the owners of the soil, and that one-ninth was made up of absentee landlords, to sell their property at exhorbitant prices while their poorer resident brethren were left in the lurch. Parnell said he objected to the bill because it did not carry out what it proposed, while it exhausted the only Irish credit available. Presenting further objections, he said the principle of the bill was to purchase whole estates. For this purpose £40,000,000 was ridiculously inadequate. Ireland contained 140,000,000 acres, of which area the poor law valuation was £9,000,000. At this valuation the total at 18½ years' purchase would amount to £166,000,000, which sum would be necessaay to provide a solution of the land question.

SPRUNG A MINE.

The Daily News has sprung a mine under the Unionist camp by printing extracts from the speeches of thirty Unionist members of the commons, condemning Gladstone's Land Purchase bill of 1886. At that time these gentlemen were followers of Gladstone, and are on record as having in the strongest terms compatible with their rhetorical attainments, commended the bill as a measure framed in equity, launched in justice and securing by its operation the greatest possible benefits not only to Ireland but to the whole kingdom. To those gentlemen the News proffers the advice that they would do well in order to avoid stullifying themselves, to compare their utterances on that occasion with those of which they have delivered themselves in support of Balfour's scheme, and hasten to make the necessary modifications.

"WHEN WE WERE BOYS."

William O'Brien's novel, which he wrote while he was in prison, has just been issued by Longman, Green & Co. The book, which is entitled, "When we were Boys," is a historical story, and deals specificially with Fenians. A number of Irish-Americans characters are brought into the plot. The book has been well received, and the reviewers have treated it solely on its merits without the slightest reference to the political leanings of its author. The Daily News regards it as the equal of the best writings of Lever, and the Pall Mall Gazette expresses the opinion that it will impress the English people with full confidence in the dignity characterizing the new Irish era. The work has been translated into French and Italian and promises to have a large sale.

THE SIR GEO. ELLIOTT SCANDAL.

Miss Hairs has secured a new trial of her action against Sir George Elliott, under representation that new evidence will be forthcoming at the next presentation of the case which she was unable to introduce at the last trial. The venerable defendant still adheres to his contention that the action is an attempt to blackmail, but the public verdict is against him, as his relations with the plaintiff and other women are matters of common report. The re-trial of the case is set down for an early date.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Owing to prevailing strikes and the certainty of trouble on May day, the Austrian government has ordered the concentration of a strong force of troops at the disturbed centres, and has arranged to reinforce the already formidable garrison at Vienna and in the suburbs of the capital.

BELGIAN RAILWAYS.

Maasa, Belgian minister of railways, posts and telegraphs, has demanded an extra credit of $1,000,000 for maintaining the railway system during the ensuing fiscal year, owing to the enormous increase in the price of coal resulting from the recent strikes in Belgium and the prevailing mining troubles.

A LARGE HARBOR VOTE.

The city of Dusseldorf has voted to construct a harbor to cost $17,500,000.

## RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

### The Union Pacific Determined to Make Matters Lively in North-Western Washington—Port Angeles the Objective Point.

H. V. Burner, the traveling agent of the Union Pacific railway, arrived over last evening and returned this morning to the Sound. In conversation with a representative of THE COLONIST, Mr. Burner stated that the Union Pacific intended to push work rapidly in Washington. The railway recently incorporated was to be immediately surveyed. One corps of engineers were now working up from the south, and another would be started from Port Angeles in the course of a short time. The new colony building had been rented for the use of the Union Pacific officials and the engineering staff. The line to be constructed would be known as the Portland, Port Angeles, and Victoria railway, for it was their ultimate intention to run their freight and passenger cars into Victoria by a transfer boat.

The company has taken the management of the wharves into their own hands, and Mr. Wakefield is now in possession. The piles and lumber for the new wharves are being got out at the company's mill on the Columbia river, and will be sent around in the course of twelve days, when work will be pushed. Chief Engineer Bogue, of the U. P., is expected at Port Angeles in the course of a couple of days to finally determine all matters concerning the new line and its terminals.

The Union Pacific, Mr. Burner states, have absorbed the Tacoma and Lake City line and will build from Portland to Tacoma, Seattle, Port Angeles and Port Townsend. They will also build to Gray's Harbor. An easy route has been already located a considerable distance, and when railway construction does begin it will be rushed to a completion and the Union Pacific will have a terminus on the straits, and a more advantageous position than any other transcontinental line.

## A DEFERRED EXPEDITION.

### Lieut. Seton-Karr Explains Why He Returned from the North.

Lieut. Seton-Karr, the young English explorer, is still at the Driard, awaiting the regular mail boat, the Elder, which will have him for a passenger. Instead of going to Fort Simpson a couple of weeks ago, as was his intention on leaving Victoria, he remained for several days with Mr. and Mrs. Hall at Alert Bay, the weather being the reverse of pleasant. From Alert Bay he returned to Victoria because the coasting steamers Maude, Boscowitz, and Louise were so much delayed by the thick weather, or were likely to be, that he feared he would not be able to catch the mail by going from Simpson by canoe across the frontier as previously planned.

The expedition now consists of Lieut. Seton-Karr, and the following three men, whom he has engaged to go with him: John A. Hammond, of Alert Bay, T. Gambling, and Mitchel Kalama, interpreter. They are not going up with the Harrison-Arkell party, as the U. S. S. Patterson is already crowded, though Mr. Wells, who is in charge of that expedition, requested Captain Mansfield to find room if he possibly could for the British adventurer.

The two expeditions are in perfect accord: one of the men engaged with Lieuteant's Schwatka and Seton-Karr and Professor Libby in 1886 was engaged in San Francisco to accompany the Arkell party, a man named Dalton. Lieut. Karr states that both expeditions will be exploring on British territory most of the time. The objective point, however, will be Mount Wrangell, and the two parties will probably take different routes to it. The Lieutenant does not expect to get more than a hundred miles from the coast at any time. He says: "None of us know anything definite about the district we want to go to, beyond the Chilcat Pass, of which Dr. Krause's map is the only one in existence, and has been adapted on to ours. I doubt if the White River has any great length. I want to find out first whether there is a volcano, as the Indians say, or whether they have got that idea from the existence of Wrangell, which is active, and frequently sends up clouds of smoke. It is a curious fact that according to Messrs. Ogilvie and Dawson, no affluents of any size reach the Yukon on the left bank between the White and Tahkeena rivers, a distance of perhaps two hundred and fifty miles or more. When we once get over the Chilcat Pass we shall find ourselves upon a watershed; on the right hand is the source of the Tahkeend, in front there rises another river said to be the Albsehk flowing to the ocean at Dry Bay, whose course no white man has ever followed—perhaps we may be able to. When I skirted the coast in 1886, however, I found no opening in the St. Elias range at this point by which such a river could enter the sea. Yet it may be there. Looking north from the Chilcat Pass, what river drains the vast area of country bounded on the east by the Yukon (into which, remember, no river flows from that direction) and on the west by the vast, impenetrable rampart of the St. Elias Alps whose peaks rise 20,000 feet above the sea! Is it the Copper river? If so, it will be fortunate for the Harrison-Arkell party, as they will only have to build a raft and float down it to the sea. Is it the White river? Mr. Harper, of the firm trading on the Yukon, has descended that river for a great distance and found that it flowed from west to east The current flows at the rate of eight miles an hour, and it is only one hundred yards wide at the mouth. Is there some great river reaching the sea between Mount St. Elias and the Copper? We discovered and named a river flowing into Icy Bay. It was a very large one, and the muddiest I have ever seen, but it was quite short and its drainage area only that strip of land between the St. Elias Alps and the sea, which is entirely covered with flat glaciers, hence its large size, owing to the melting of the ice. If this great volume of water was produced from such a small area on the west of Mount St. Elias, what an enormous volume of water must the glaciers produce over the vast area of unknown country to the east of that mountain, and where is the river which drains it? The Altsehk, the Copper and the White rivers all seem to be too small. What conclusion do I draw from this? I believe there are rivers flowing into the sea between Icy Bay and the Copper river, and that all these rivers contribute to drain this unknown area. But, furthermore, I think that the climate of this mysterious country is a very dry one and will be found so, owing to the presence of the barrier of the St. Elias Alps, which inducing conditions like those induced by the coast range (which makes the climate of Lytton and Kamloops down here drier than that of Vancouver) but in a much more marked degree, owing to the far greater height of this great range, makes the district a very remarkable one, and well worth visiting."

## CAPITAL NOTES.

### Inspector Moylan's Attack on Senator McInnes.

### The Writ for the Westminster Election Forwarded.

The Needed Improvement of Victoria Harbor—B. C. Members En Route Home—The Northern Earthquakes.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Ont., April 21.—There was a lively discussion in the senate this afternoon over Inspector Moylan's alleged attack on Senator McInnes' connection with the British Columbia penitentiary, Senator McInnes called Moylan a Judas Iscariot, a blackguard, and a lubberly impudent Pharisee. H said grave abuses existed in the penitentiary. Hon. Mr. Abbott claimed that Mr. Moylan had no right to refer to McInnes at all, and the government should promptly repress insolence to members of parliament by their employees. He will move that he be summoned to the bar of the House to answer for his conduct.

Blake will move that the provincial acts liable to disallowance be first submitted to the judicial tribunal for authoritative opinion.

The writ for the Westminster election has been forwarded to Sheriff Armstrong to-night. He fixes the date of nomination and of polling.

Mr. Earle interviewed the premier to-night in reference to the appropriation for Victoria harbor. He was greatly strengthened by the editorial in THE COLONIST of the 13th inst.

Hon. Mr. Colby has introduced a bill to enable harbor commissioners to prevent the deposit of ballast and rubbish where not wanted in harbors.

The Keefer-Glover divorce case passed the commons to-night. The Walker case was thrown out.

On the subject of trade treaties, the premier said to-day, no doubt if Canada wanted to make treaties with the West Indies or other colonies, the Imperial government would not stand in the way.

Prof. Macoun leaves for British Columbia in a few days.

Col. Prior, Messrs. Mara and Barnard left for home last Friday.

The telegram announcing earthquake shocks at Queen Charlotte Islands, shows that there must have been a series of severe earthquakes in the northern Pacific, sub aqueous or otherwise. Earthquakes are certainly decreasing in violence, owing to the earth's recession from the sun, and in time they will cease altogether, or at all events until the earth is supplied with more satellites.

## WESTMINSTER SPECIAL.

### The Protest Against the Redistribution Bill.

A Murderer of an Old Indian Woman Captured—The Salmon Running Well.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., April 21. The big deputation to interview the Government on the redistribution bill leaves to-morrow. Meetings were held Saturday night and to-night all over the district to protest against the bill.

Mr. Moresby has returned from Langley, having successfully traced the murderer of the old Indian woman who was killed ten days ago. The murderer is safely jailed.

Salmon are running freely, and Ewen's cannery is doing good work.

## CANADIAN NEWS.

The Atlantic Fishery Question.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 21.—Sir John Thompson is authority for the statement that when a settlement of the Behring's Sea difficulty is reached, the United States government will be prepared to open negotiations with a view to an arrangement of the Atlantic fishery question. It is learned that a deputation is about to come from Newfoundland to confer with the government on the subject of confederation.

In Financial Difficulties.

TORONTO, April 21.—It is reported that Peter Silcoe, private banker of Listowel, has suspended payment. He is supposed to have about the city thousands of dollars deposited in his bank. His embarrassment is caused by his money being locked up in real estate.

Civil Appointment.

TORONTO, April 21.—John Miller, B. A., principal of St. Thomas' Collegiate Institute, has been appointed deputy minister of education vice Alexander Marling, deceased.

Quebec Politics.

MONTREAL, April 21.—Premier Mercier arrived from Quebec to-day after attending a meeting of the cabinet. So far as can be learned, nothing definite has yet been decided regarding the date of the provincial elections.

Fire at Cobourg.

COBOURG, Ont., April 21.—B. Evans' hotel was burned and the British-American hotel damaged by fire. Loss, $8,000.

$10,000 Damages.

MONTREAL, April 21. — Lieut.-Col. Dugas, commander of the Sixty-fifth French-Canadian regiment, who was charged by the English during the rebellion with theft and other crimes, has secured a verdict for $10,000 damages against the newspaper Lemonde, which ridiculed Dugas' condition during the rebellion and charged him with cowardice.

Gen. Middleton's Lecture.

TORONTO, April 24.—Gen. Middleton gave an inaugural lecture at the Canadian Military Institute on Saturday evening. His subject was outposts, and in the course of it he referred to the composition of outposts, saying that mounted infantry were the best provided.

Coming to British Columbia.

BRANDON, Man., April 21.—Rev. E. J. Flewelling, rector of St. Matthew's church here, has sent in his resignation, and will accept a charge in British Columbia. He will preach his farewell sermon on the 27th.

The "Queen" brand of hams and bacon, cut from Iowa corn-fed hogs, cured in granulated sugar and smoked with corn cobs, specially for those who can appreciate a good article. Ask your grocer for "Queen" brand. mar1tf

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# The Colonist.

TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1890.

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Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.
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## *SELF-POSSESSED.*

The News-Advertiser declares that "the Government has lost its head," and that "the speech of the Premier on Friday last, in moving the second reading of the Redistribution Bill, is evidence enough of this." That speech, if carefully considered and properly understood, is evidence of the exact opposite. It is a cool, calm and dispassionate consideration of the question in all its aspects. The man who "loses his head" is confused and can look at the subject which excites him from only one point of view. Mr. Robson in that speech showed a clearness of perception which was remarkable, and if there was any fault to find with his manner of dealing with his subject it was that he showed too much consideration for and sympathy with those who were likely to regard the proposals he had made with an unfavorable eye. A less self-assertive speech could hardly be imagined. The person who asserts that there was evidence in Mr. Robson's speech that he and his colleagues in the Government had "lost their heads" does not know what that figuratitive expression—which, by the way, is far from being "vulgar"—means.

If the editor of the News-Advertiser would address himself to the consideration of the subject of redistribution of representation with as clear an intellect and with as much self-possession as the Premier did he would find his head, and would do both himself and his subject justice. Mr. Robson did not, as the News-Advertiser does, discuss the subject from a purely sectional point of view, and he did not, like the News-Advertiser, appeal to the selfishness and the local prejudices of those whom he addressed. He viewed the question from all sides, and he asked his hearers to do the same. He made allowances for the prejudices and the partialities of men of the different sections of the province and besought its representatives to rise superior to those prejudices and partialities; but this is evidently what the News-Advertiser either cannot or will not do. The Leader of the Government acknowledged the force of the arguments of those who did not agree with him, and frankly admitted that the scheme which he advocated was not the best and fairest that could be devised, but maintained that it was the best that he, under the circumstances, could obtain. We doubt very much if the News-Advertiser is capable of dealing so candidly and honestly with opponents and to pursue a course at once so discreet and so practical. A man who had lost his head could not deal with a subject in this way. If those who are so ready to condemn the Government for its action in this redistribution matter were to follow its Leader's example and to study the whole subject carefully, giving to each consideration its due weight they would be surprised to find how closely the conclusions that they would come to would resemble those at which he has arrived.

For our part we think that Mr. Robson deserves the greatest credit for the statesmanlike manner in which he has dealt with the question of redistribution. If he had been a mere hunter after popularity, if he had been determined, at all risks, to make himself solid in his own constituency, he would have pursued a very different course from the one he has taken. He could, by adopting a selfish and a sectional policy, have the whole province at this present moment in a condition of intense excitement. There would not be one constituency, but a dozen constituencies, up in arms protesting with all their might against the injustice proposed to be inflicted upon them. He could have laid the foundation of sectional jealousies and disagreements that it would have been most difficult to allay. And if he possessed the spirit of the greater number of his critics this would be the condition of the province. It would be in a state of turmoil from one end to the other. Nothing could have been easier than to have sown the seeds of discord that would have been certain to produce a plentiful harvest of discord and discontent. But Mr. Robson and those associated with him in the Government have, after careful deliberation, devised a scheme of representation which, while it has caused the minimum of discontent will be productive of the maximum of advantage. Men who had lost their heads could never have done this.

## *A REASONABLE REQUEST.*

The minute of council of the British Columbia Board of Trade, which we publish in another column, expresses a wish which we trust the Minister of Marine and Fisheries will see his way clear to comply with with as little delay as possible. It is that "the honorable minister will either personally or by competent and impartial deputies, as a commission, visit the rivers during the fishing season and acquire such information as will lead to regulations based upon the necessities, as may be gathered from such observations and enquiries." The conditions under which the salmon fisheries of this province are carried on are so so different from those which obtain on the eastern side of the continent, that rules and regulations which are wise and beneficial, say in New Brunswick, would be perfectly absurd in British Columbia. The salmon fisheries on this side of the continent are, beyond comparison, more important than those on the other side. The necessity of the Fisheries Department possessing an intimate and accurate knowledge of the requirements of the British Columbia salmon fishery must strike every one who reflects upon the matter for a moment. Eastern officials without the knowledge that can only be obtained by personal observation on the spot are completely at a loss when they are required to deal with that fishery. It is not at all surprising that regulations made by men three thousand miles away, who never saw a salmon caught, and who have the most vague ideas with respect to the "modus operandi" of the canners, should not be adapted to the circumstances of the Fraser River Fishery. It would be wonderful if they would. But regulations which are regarded as of but little importance by Ottawa officials, are matters of the greatest consequence to the canners. They should, therefore, be drawn up with the utmost care and by persons who could be able to form a clear idea of the results of their operation.

It is surely not too much to expect an intelligent regard for local interests from the authorities in Ottawa. It is clearly seen here that until the Department of Fisheries is better informed as to the way in which salmon fishing and salmon canning are carried on in this province, it is simply impossible for it to do justice to the salmon packing interest. It is only reasonable, then, that the British Columbia Board of Trade should request the Department to take the measures necessary to obtain the knowledge which it ought to possess in order to deal fairly and intelligently with the British Columbia salmon fishery.

## *A CHANGE OF OPINION.*

The Inland Sentinel has changed its mind with respect to the Railways' Aid bill. A better knowledge of the provisions of that bill and a further consideration of its principles have caused it to come to different conclusions with respect to its bearing on the quartz mining industry. It says:

"On first consideration, after a perusal of the provisions of the bill we were inclined to look upon the royalty clause as an uncalled for addition to the already too heavy burden the British Columbia miner is legislated to bear. On second consideration, however, we are lead to look upon the matter in a different light, and incline to the opinion that instead of being a hindrance to the development of the mineral resources of the province it will rather tend in the other direction,—provided the companies holding the charters for the proposed lines of railway are willing to accept the conditions of the Bill. The five per cent. royalty applies only to such claims as may be opened on the lands granted the railway company, and there is scarcely an intelligent miner in the province who will not admit that the increased facilities for transportation afforded by a line of railway within ten or fifteen miles—and in some cases a less distance—of his claim will more than balance the royalty which the transportation company may impose on the output. Again, if the company insists upon exacting to the full extent of its power, the miner is not obliged to submit. The alternate sections of land will remain in the possession of the government, and on these no royalty will be charged upon the output. So that in any event, the miner is not the loser, while the company will lose or gain according as it applies the power granted in the Bill."

We are quite sure that there are very many in the province who have come to the same conclusion as our inland contemporary. When they read the bill as it first appeared they condemned it hastily. When they had time to consider its tendency and what was likely to be the result of its operation and when they saw the amendments that were made to clause 15 they changed their minds. They saw that if the privileges extended to railway companies were sufficient to induce men of capital to open up the country by constructing railroads through the mining districts, the royalty of five per cent. would not be regarded by the miners as a burden. It would, in the first place, enable them to work mines in parts of the country which are now inaccessible for mining purposes, and it would afford them conveniences of transport which would much more than make up to them the royalty allowed the railroad. Some of the converts to the principle, like the Inland Sentinel evidently is, are afraid that the bill does not offer sufficient inducement to men of capital and enterprise to form railroad companies to construct and operate roads through the rough country where the deposits of the precious metals lie. It is to be hoped that this is not the case, but that the bill which is now before the House will have the effect of giving an impetus to the mineral development of the province, which in a very short time will quadruple its population and greatly increase its wealth. It is to the credit of the Inland Sentinel that it has had the candor to admit that its first impressions of the bill were erroneous. Its second thoughts on this subject, are we are convinced, its best thoughts.

## *COMPETENT CRITICS.*

The London Times criticises a Budget in a very different spirit and on different principles from the Opposition in this province. According to that very brilliant financier, Mr. John Grant, it was the next thing to a crime for the Provincial Finance Minister not to have been able to foretell exactly the revenue he would receive during the ensuing financial year, the end of which, by the way, was some sixteen months ahead of the time in which the estimates were made. Because the revenue was greater than that estimated by Mr. Turner, the financiers of the Opposition reproached him in terms of great severity. They even went so far as roundly to assert that his inability to foresee the receipts for a period many months after the estimates were made, proves that he is not fit for the position he occupies.

The London Times, however, looks upon an unforeseen increase in the revenue in a very different light, and it speaks in the highest terms of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, although he could not see far enough into the future to foretell anything like exactly how much he should receive for the year 1889-90. It says: "On comparing the receipts with the estimates the result is also satisfactory. Customs show an increase of £374,000 ($1,870,000), stamps an increase of £480,000 ($2,400,000), while the excise receipts are in excess of the estimates £1,290,000 ($6,450,000) . . . . The receipts from miscellaneous sources show a surplus of £561,000 ($2,805,000). The final result is that the Chancellor of the Exchequer has received about £3,154,000 ($15,770,000) more than he allowed for in the estimates, and about £2,800,000 or ($14,000,000) more than the sum finally estimated for as the expenditure of 1889-90."

Here we see that the British Minister of Finance was nearly sixteen millions of dollars out in his estimate of revenue, and fourteen millions astray as to expenditures. Yet he is, by the London Times and every man in the whole Empire competent to form an intelligent opinion of his merits, regarded as a great financier.

Last year Mr. Goschen said: "A prudent Chancellor of the Exchequer must form his estimate with caution, hoping that they may be exceeded, but not speculating upon an increase of revenue which a little reaction or a little repose from activity might falsify."

The London Times quotes this dictum with approbation, as well it might. Its soundness must recommend itself to every man of prudence and discretion. But it is altogether opposed to the principle on which the Opposition's criticisms on the public accounts of British Columbia were based. To underestimate the revenue of the coming year was by them declared in very strong terms to be a proof of incapacity. The London Times and Mr. Goschen are of a very different opinion. There is, of course, an immense difference between the revenue of a great nation like Great Britain and that of a small province like British Columbia, but the principle is the same whether the countries compared be rich or poor, and the revenues involved great or small. There is, however, this difference—in an old country the uniformity of results is surprising; in a new country conditions are always changing, and calculations cannot be made with the same degree of certainty.


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This department is in charge of MISS DONNELLY, and has given every satisfaction. LADIES—for style, perfect fit, and durability, call and see MISS DONNELLY, at Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

3rd Point

In the Windows, upon the Counters, on the Shelves, are to be seen—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| NEW DRESS GOODS, | NEW GLOVES, | NEW PARASOLS, |
| NEW PRINTS, | NEW LACES, | NEW UMBRELLAS, |
| NEW SILKS, | NEW RIBBONS, | NEW HOSIERY, |
| NEW VELVETS, | NEW COVERS, | NEW CORSETS. |

FULL LINE OF STAPLE DRY GOODS.

4th Point

While we earnestly beg you to call and inspect our bargains, we neither ask nor expect any favors unless we fully demonstrate with goods and prices the economy that lies in dealing with us.

**JOHN PARTRIDGE,**
LANSDOWNE HOUSE,
86 Yates Street, - - Victoria, B. C.

**SOMERSET HOUSE,**
61 and 63 Fort Street.

MRS. W. BICKFORD begs to inform her customers that she has added a full line of Millinery to her other business, and hopes by careful attention to the same to merit a share of public patronage. We will make our

FIRST SPRING SHOW

On Thursday, the 27th instant. A first-class English milliner, with six years experience, will take charge of this department. mc23

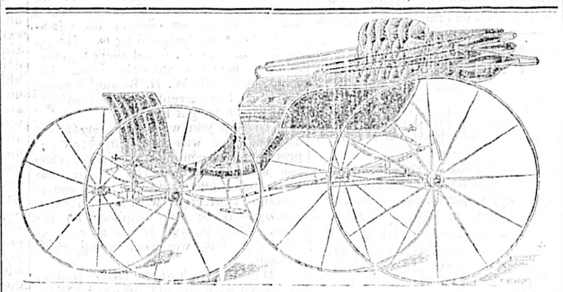
NEW GOODS. LATEST STYLES.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET.
GOOD VALUE. LOW PRICES.
mc26

JUST RECEIVED.

Two Carloads of Plows and Harrows,
ONE CARLOAD PAINT,
—ALSO,—
A supply of Field Rollers, Lawn Rollers, Lawn Sweepers, Etc., Etc.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
S. E. Corner Yates and Broad Sts, VICTORIA, B. C. mar21



CARRIAGES, WAGONS and CARTS
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
T. G. PRIOR & CO.'S,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. - VICTORIA, B. C.
feb-1-dwly

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.
VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Corner Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE
—AND—
HAND BOOK
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Publishing Co.

NOTICE.
SEASON OF 1890

THE PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE, now being prepared for the press, will be profusely illustrated with finely executed maps and illustrations of views, scenery, etc., of British Columbia, and will be placed before the public as an attractive work of art.

A large and constant circulation is guaranteed throughout the United Kingdom and on the continent, by special arrangement, through the medium of well-known tourist agencies in all the principal cities of Europe. It will be a sure means of advertising hotels, hunting and pleasure resorts, real estate, lands, investment projects, mining, and all schemes in connection with the development of the country and its natural resources.

For advertising space and terms apply to

P. O. Box 208, Victoria, B. C.
oct15-6mo

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE
CROCKERY, ETC.

BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM business, my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains, Cornices and poles, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc., will be sold for Cash at greatly reduced prices. Also—

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

The best equipped FURNITURE FACTORY in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.

JACOB SEHL,
63 GOVERNMENT STREET.

RE-OPENED.

Having leased the well-known

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,
(Corner Johnson and Store Streets),

MR JAMES DALY will re-open it as a first-class lodging house. Good accommodation for 100 guests. All modern conveniences. Open day and night. mc23

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—Fruit and cigar stand. Apply, "W," COLONIST office. ap2-1m

FOR SALE.

TWO HORSES, ride or drive. Apply 50 Dallas Road.
mc26 A. VIDLER.

FOR SALE

A six roomed two-story house and lot, 60 x 120. For particulars apply at 116 North Park street. mar28-1m

FOR SALE.

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete, with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Rae street. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n24

FOR SALE.

ESTATE containing Fifteen Lots, with House, Stables, etc., on Vancouver st. Splendid investment—don't hesitate, prices are advancing.

Call and examine our bargains in City and Suburban property.

ROBOTHAM, PAGE & CO.
Real Estate Brokers, Commission Agents, and Stock Share Brokers. m21-1m

A BUSINESS FOR SALE

A whole or half interest in a General Store for sale. Inquire of "L.," at the COLONIST office. mar28-1m

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

AS MRS. JAMES RUSSELL IS CLOSING out her business, the entire Stock will be sold at cost.

Embroideries, Laces, Pon-Pons, Briggs' Stamping Patterns, etc.

125 FORT STREET.
ap2

BIG BARGAIN.

Centre Board Boat for Sale.

Length 36 feet Beam 12 feet.
BUILT BY ROBINSON.

A staunch boat in every respect, and very cosy. Will float in 12 inches of water. Price $525 cash; worth double.

W. H. DANBY,
57 Government Street.
P. O. Box 314. Telephone No. 474.
ap2-1mo

FIRST-CLASS
ISLAND HAY FOR SALE.

Delivered. Also about first April next, a lot of young pigs, ½ Berkshire. Apply to
J. J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Or P. O. Box 302. mc9

CADBORO BAY.

1 Piece of 7½ Acres,
1 Piece of 2½ Acres,

Both for sale. Both lots fronting on Cadboro Bay, and commanding a most charming view. Address P. O. Box 255.
dec17-tf

126 ACRES

Fronting on Cowichan Harbor, with House, lately insured for $600. Price, $1,200 CASH.

W. H. DANBY.
57 Government St.,
Telephone No. 474. P. O. Box 314.
fy 26tf

NOTICE.

Re the Estate of ANNIE DEANS, deceased, late of Oakvale Farm, Victoria District.

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE Estate must be sent in within one month from the date hereof, to the undersigned, to whom all debts due to the said estate must be paid.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Bastion street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the Executors.
17th April, 1890. ap18-2w

VICTORIA RICE MILLS,
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
—MILLERS OF—
China and Japan Rice,
Rice Meal, Rice Flour,
Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.
ian7

CATHEDRAL ORGANIST

THE POSITION OF ORGANIST TO Christ Church Cathedral, Victoria, B. C., is now vacant. Candidates are invited to apply, stating qualifications fully, to Rev. A. Beanlands, Christ Church Rectory, Victoria, B. C. mc23

NOTICE TO
Contractors and Others

Just arrived per Bark Archer a large Stock of

PLATE GLASS!

Which we are now prepared to supply at low rates.

Colored Glass, &c., Kept in Stock

J. W. MELLOR & CO.,
m25-1m Painters and Glaziers, 65 Fort St.

G. A. McTAVISH
Has at his store on Park Road,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
Vegetable and Flower Seeds.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable; personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B.C. Agricultural Society, for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,
PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.
nov21-6mo

REMOVAL.

The undersigned have removed from Yates street to
96 JOHNSON STREET,
During the erection of their New premises.
mc25 COLBERT & WARNER.

LOOK OUT
—FOR THE—
Great Subdivision Sale
—OF—
CITY PROPERTY
In a few days.
F. G. RICHARDS, Jr
51 Yates Street.
mar16

GARESHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
fy9-1y

China and Japan
FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of

CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.
fy 25-12mo

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jan1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.
oct 1y

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

Those wishing to improve their Herds should communicate with the undersigned, who has always on hand choice thoroughbred and high grade Durhams.

MORRISON & ADAMS,
Sunnyside Farm,
mc11-1y Alexandria P. O.

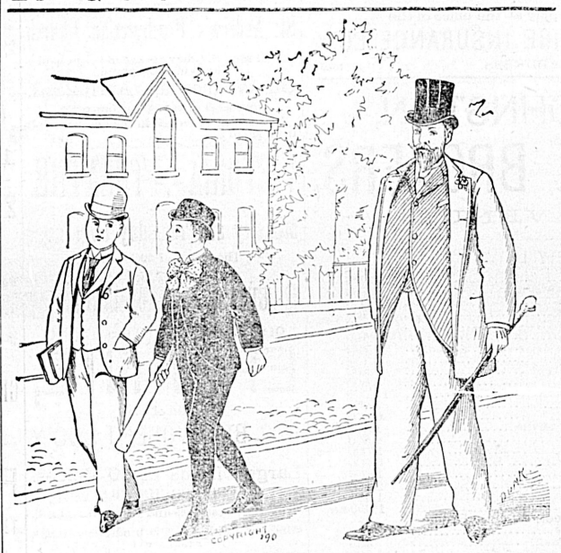
NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between James Hastie and Charles B. Lockhart, under the firm name of "Hastie & Lockhart," has been dissolved by mutual consent. The said James Hastie will continue to carry on business at the old stand, and will pay all the liabilities of, and collect all debts due to the late firm.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 24th day of March, 1890.

JAMES HASTIE.
C. B. LOCKHART.
Witness—H. G. HALL. mc25-1m

LONG PANTS -:- SHORT PANTS



Our artist shows you that we have Boys' long pant suits, and short pant suits, dark pants and light pants, etc.

SPRING SUITS FOR MEN AND YOUTHS.

Serge Suits at $5 $11, $13 and $15, bound and unbound.

A beautiful range of Men's white vests and Summer coats. Pique Shirts, etc. See our Prices.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.
Telephone Call 563. 35 Johnson Street.

Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, $6,000,000; TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS, OVER $8,000,000.
Insurances Effected on all Classes of Property at Current Rates.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
E. D. LACY, Resident Manager for Canada at Montreal, H. E. CROASDAILE,
fy1-6m Agent for Vancouver Island, 42 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

OGILVIE MILLING CO.
WINNIPEG.
Use Ogilvie's Celebrated Brands of Flour.
"Hungarian" and "Strong Bakers"
The best and most economical in the market for Family and Bakers Use. For sale by all dealers. feb 21

SEE OUR $3.00 BOOTS
LACED AND ELASTIC SIDES.

BEST VALUE
—IN THE—
DOMINION
AT ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
132 Government street, corner Johnson.

THE POODLE DOG
The only FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT IN VICTORIA, B. C. mar27

BUSINESS CARDS.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

FROM THIS DATE, MRS LE PRINCE will carry on her Dressmaking at 52½ Government street, next Bank of B. C.

PRICES MODERATE. ap11-1w

MRS. ALBERT J. CLYDE,
—FASHIONABLE—
DRESS & MANTLE MAKER
Parlors over Victoria House.
Denny's Block, - Government street.
All orders promptly filled.
P. O. Box 475 Victoria, B. C. ap1-1m

KELLER & BURRIS,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta, Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenwares,
COR. YATES AND QUADRA STS.,
dec7 VICTORIA, B. C.

MRS. F. H. RAIFF,
(Late of El Paso, Tex.)
PROFESSIONAL MANICURE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., (Front Parlor.)
HOURS: { Ladies, 2 to 7 p. m. Gentlemen, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
jan29.

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for
Furs and Deer Skins

FURS. ROBES.

Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at

KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,
57 JOHNSON STREET,
Headquarters for Indian Curios
GUNS AND AMMUNITION.
dec7-1yr

Victoria Employment Bureau.
No. 23—TIM KEE—Store St.
Can supply all kinds of Chinese help cooks, housekeepers, etc., at wages to suit. Chinese Guides furnished to Tourists.
"CONTRACTOR."
Labor guaranteed. Telephone No. 580
No charges made against Employers of labor.
ap26-12mo

GRAY & DEVEREUX.
Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors.
Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located.
OFFICE: Room "C," White House (up stairs), Government St. P. O. box 358. f4-6m

HOMŒOPATHIC REMOVAL.

DR. J. HALL WILL LEAVE HIS rooms on Pandora street on Monday, Dec. 2, for the new brick block, corner of Yates and Douglas, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p. m., excepting Sundays and holidays.
mv17-tf

PLANTA, NORRIS & ANDERSON,
Real Estate Agents,
TROUNCE AVENUE
P. O. Box 453. ap11-1mo

SEED-:-OATS
A Limited Quantity
—FOR SALE BY—
BRACKMAN & KER,
125 Government St.
ap17

RESIDENCES!
ACRES! -:- -:- LOTS!
ON SALE,
For CASH and on EASY TERMS

ACRES.
Foul Bay,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Waterfront,
Saanich Road,
Burnside Road.

LOTS.
James Bay,
Victoria West,
Spring Ridge,
Craigflower Road,
—CITY—
Fort Street Extension.

RESIDENCES.
Yates street,
Johnson street,
Spring Ridge,
Belcher street,
Fort street,
North Park street,
Cedar Hill Road,
John street.

FLINT & WILLIAMS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.
ap10-12mo

THE -:- DELMONICO
(MONS. E. ESCALET, PROP.)
The only first-class Restaurant in Victoria.
Eastern Oysters received by every Steamer.
Private rooms for ladies and family parties.
UNEQUALLED CUISINE.
Parties and Balls attended.
BOARD AT REASONABLE RATES.
Telephone No. 120. 109 Government st.
my7-1yr

The Esmond Hotel
FRONT AND MORRISON, PORTLAND.
FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.
my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

## WEDDING STATIONERY.

We have just received a Large Stock of Wedding Stationery, suitable for all classes of Wedding Cards, with Envelopes to match.

## BALL PROGRAMMES.

A Large and Varied Assortment of the latest designs of Ball Programmes is constantly kept in Stock, including Pencils and Cards. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

# THE COLONIST,

ELLIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

# BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

PROMPTNESS A SPECIALTY

## COMMERCIAL PRINTING.

Every kind of Commercial Printing, Lithographic or Letter Press, can be had at the office of The Colonist at the Lowest Rates possible, where only First Class work is turned out. Our stock of Cards, Papers and Envelopes is always most complete.


## AT A WEDDING IN SITKA.

### DESCRIPTION FROM ALASKA OF AN EVENT OF THE GREEK CHURCH.

**Golden Crowns Held Aloft—The Cross of Tapers—How the Bride Was Given Away and Other Details of the Pretty Ceremony.**

Immediately north of and adjoining Sitka is one of the largest and most attractive Indian villages in Alaska. In summer, when employment at the salmon canneries is abundant, nearly all the able bodied men and their families are off some one hundred and fifty miles engaged in fishing, leaving, perhaps, not more than four hundred of all ages and sexes behind at the village. About the 1st of October they begin to flock back for the winter.

Fully one-half of the adults have been brought under the influence of the Greco-Russian church, which is maintained in Alaska by money paid from the imperial treasury at St. Petersburg, and which church and its property are protected by the terms of the treaty of cession.

JUST LIKE ROYALTY.

Last night the people of Sitka witnessed a Ute ceremony in the Cathedral of St. Michael's fully as interesting as the marriage of the Duke of Sparta and the Princess of Germany. The bride and groom were pure blooded Alaskan Indians of the adjoining village. It is interesting to know that while the influence of civilization has wiped out the practice of buying and selling young girls as wives among these people, in common with the practice among the North American Indians, whom these people resemble in only a few respects, still a valuable consideration enters into the transaction in all cases now, which shows the origin of the latter. The Alaskan Indian has no ponies for gifts to the parents of the bride, but as blankets here are badges of wealth, as ponies are among the plains Indians, he bears gifts of blankets as the consideration for the bride.

The Cathedral of St. Michael's, though a wooden structure erected over fifty years ago, is in an excellent state of preservation, and its interior is arranged and embellished with all the gorgeous appurtenances which belong to the churches of that communion. The wedding took place at 6 o'clock, nearly three hours after dark. The church was brilliantly lighted by nearly a thousand candles, the windows and the lantern of the cupola being studded with them.

According to universal custom the bride must be given away by some relative. The groom, a rather good looking young Indian, plainly and decently dressed, entered the west door of the church and took a position in the center of the floor about ten feet from the door. In about half an hour afterward a knock was heard at the same door, when it was opened by an usher and the bride entered, dressed in pure white, with a wreath of artificial flowers as a sort of chaplet. The complexions of both are as brown as a chestnut. The person who gave the bride away placed her on the left of the groom.

In the meantime the gorgeous altar screens were thrown open and the priest, in heavy robes, incrusted with gold and silver lace, was observed celebrating that part of the mass pertaining to that part of the ceremony. Large lighted candles were then placed in the hands of the bride and groom, and the priest, bearing a lighted taper and the missal, came from behind the altar, and from the brilliantly lighted sanctuary, which no woman is ever allowed to enter, approached a small desk in front of the altar screen and read a portion of the ritual in Russian, and again repeating it in English and Thinklet. This portion concluded, in which the choir overhead joined in singing, he proceeded to the spot where the expectant couple stood, and crossing his hands with theirs, and each holding their tapers so as to form a cross, he continued his recital of the ritual, the choir making responses.

At this point the bride and groom placed their rings in his hands, and keeping the hands of all three in the form of a cross, he led them forward to a small dais in front of the desk. The bride was attended by two women dressed in white, and the groom by a like number of young men of his own race. While the procession thus advanced to the dais the ritual was chanted by the priest, the responses being made in the choir. The priest took his place behind the desk, and for half an hour intoned the words of the ritual, first in Russian and then from an English translation made by Bishop Vladimar, of San Francisco.

UNDER THE GOLD CROWNS.

Two heavy gold crowns were then placed upon the heads of the bride and groom, and the rings which had received the blessings of the priest before the bride and groom were conducted to the dais were restored to the latter, the ring worn by the bride when she entered the church being placed on one of the fingers of the groom, and the one worn by the groom placed on the appropriate finger of the bride. The intonation of the ritual proceeded for another half hour, the massive and beautiful golden crowns being held above the heads of the bride and groom by the attendants, each taking turns.

At last the bride and groom passed around the outer altar three times and halted again in front of the reading desk. Now the groom saluted the bride, and the ceremony was at an end, and the parties were so inseparably united for life that no divorce recognized by the church can sever them. The church was filled with people. There are no seats or pews in the cathedral, and all stood during the entire ceremony. About a dozen white gentlemen and ladies were spectators, and the rest, about 200, were native men, women and children.—Sitka Letter in Washington Post.

---

Miss Upper Tenne (as her brother comes in wearing a bright red necktie)—Oh, I knew you were coming; I heard it two blocks off.—Detroit Free Press.

**The New Car Driver.**

Passengers on a Broadway car the other morning witnessed an interesting scene. The driver was a new hand who had evidently been put to work in an emergency and had not received all the instructions that a new hand requires. The wind was blowing sharply in his face and the passengers were glad to see him put the lines through the handhole in the door through which the conductor collects fare from the passengers on the platform.

This done the new driver came in the car himself, closed the door softly and serenely and drove his team from the inside of the car. He bowed right and left to the passengers as he took up his stand in the car and remarked pleasantly that the weather was a little sharp, but thanks for the kindheartedness of the company in providing this hole in the door very much sharper weather could be endured!

He was a sociable sort of man and talked cheerfully to the passengers, the chief point of his observations being that there was a great deal of abuse heaped upon corporations that was undeserved. "I take it as self evident," he said, "that a corporation cannot be soulless that goes to the expense of cutting holes in a street car door and lining it with brass, simply that the driver may stand inside and drive." He would have said more, but just then the conductor rushed in and shoved him out on the front platform.—New York World.

**Morality in Our Schools.**

Do not the facts disclosed by our social statistics cause it to appear that, in the adjustment of our schools, we have gone too far in our aim for material advancement and development of wealth, and that we are correspondingly losing in the direction of moral growth and culture? Let us, then, imitate the prudence of the railway engineer, and, though seeking to retain the advantages which are already ours, let us not be blind to the visible defects and besetting dangers of our present system. Let us determine the composition of the training of our public schools; let us see if its parts are well proportioned and the compound skillfully wrought, and a thorough analysis may prove, as with the Bessemer steel rail, that, by a judicious change in the nature or proportion of the ingredients, our rapid increase of wealth may suffer a trifling diminution, but the moral balance of education will be restored, and material, political and moral progress will move forward together.—Benjamin Reece in Popular Science Monthly.

**The Fig Center of the World.**

Smyrna is the approach and the key to the small district that supplies all Europe, indeed the whole world, with the most popular of dried fruits. From the heart of the town a railway starts, running south to Ephesus and eastward to Sarakeui, and the traffic of the line depends largely on the fruit harvest. In Smyrna itself is the great market for the distribution of the figs to all parts of the world, and in harbor here may be seen a large fleet of steamers lying moored stern on to the quays, and porters, carriers, and hamel busy loading them in great wooden cases. It is by this railway that you make your way into the fig district. The tract is comparatively small, when it is remembered that its produce may be found all over the world. It is, in fact, actually small—a valley of some fifty miles skirting the northern bank of the Meander, and with a width at its widest of scarcely more than five miles. Twenty years ago not half this area was under cultivation.—Harper's Magazine.

**A Broadway Incident.**

A curious incident occurred on lower Broadway the other afternoon. A man who was walking along with the crowd saw a friend standing on the steps of one of the big office buildings and called to him. At the same time he walked toward him and extended his hand. At this particular moment the crowd had been swept to one side and came marching right down upon him. The result was that he was pushed, with his hand still extended, some dozen feet away, and presently found himself face to face with a pretty young woman, who was walking along entirely oblivious of his existence. Both were naturally compelled to stop, and the word "Hello!" was still trembling on his lips. She looked up in a startled way and shrank back, while he turned red as a lobster, and, muttering an awkward apology, withdrew his hand. The friend on the steps was, of course, enjoying the scene in the meantime.—New York Sun.

**Victoria's Indian Profits.**

The queen pays more than $10,000,000 a year out of the profits of her Indian farm for the education of her tenants. There are at Bombay, Madras and Calcutta great universities on the model of the University of London, and the whole of India is dotted with colleges and schools. The universities have more than 2,000 native students, and the professorships include law, medicine, engineering and the classics. In addition to these there are ninety-six colleges in British India containing nearly 9,000 students, and as to academies and public schools their name is legion. There are now schools for the teaching of English in every district, but it will yet be generations before education can be spread throughout the people, and only then will India be happy.—Chicago Herald.

**Seemed Strange.**

Willie—That's an awful pretty doll of yours, Gracie. I wonder what's the reason they always make dolls to look like little girls.

Grace—'Cause girls are prettier than boys.

"I know it, but it seems to me mighty strange they don't make a boy doll sometimes. Now this one of yours can roll its eyes up and down, and sort of talk, you know, Gracie, and"——

"And call out 'papa!' when you squeeze it."

"Yes, that's what makes it seem so strange. Girls don't do that, you know."—Toronto Globe.

## WHICH SHALL IT BE?

Yes; it is true I have lovers three.
Do you wonder I'm in a quandary?
For which to chose it is hard to tell
When I love them each and all so well.
The first bears in his handsome face
His passport to a woman's grace.
His eyes are luminous gold gray mist,
His cheeks are roses the winds have kissed;
And shimmering gleams of sunlight thread
The wealth of curls on his shapely head.
And when his love impassioned he tells,
My heart with a love responsive swells.
To his fervent pleading I cannot say
A cool, decisive, unfaltering "Nay."

The second is dark, and grand, and grave;
Night shadows among his tresses wave.
In his great, deep eyes would seem to be
Visions more than mere mortals see.
His simple "I love you" is eloquent
Of wells of affection all uppent,
And she who is queen of his steadfast heart
May be sure of her reign "until death shall part."

The third—ah, the story poets have told
Of hair like a crown of burnished gold;
Of eyes that rival the sapphire's hue,
And that dance like waves of the ocean blue;
Of the dimples that play at hide and seek
In rounded chin and in either cheek;
While the mischief that lurks in every glance
Makes havoc with hearts like Cupid's lance.
He never has told of his love for me,
But I am as sure of it as can be.

Notwithstanding all this, it is often said
That I will doubtless be an "old maid."
And yet, perhaps, I must own the taunt,
For these three lovers all call me "aunt;"
And the first is five, and the second is three,
And the third is one year old, you see.

—Carrie E. Hall.

**Nutmegs as a Medicine.**

The medicinal qualities of nutmegs are worthy of a great deal of attention. They are fragrant in odor, warm and grateful to the taste, and possess decided sedative, astringent and soporific properties. In the following affections they will be found highly serviceable: Gastralgia (neuralgia of the stomach), cholera morbus, flatulent colic, dysentery, cholera infantum and infantile colic.

In all cases nutmegs may be prepared for administration in the following manner:

Grate one or more nutmegs into a fine powder. For children, give one-sixth to one-third of a teaspoonful, according to age, of this powder, mixed with a small quantity of milk. For adults, from a half to two teaspoonfuls may be given in the same way, according to the severity of the case. Every two hours is generally the best time to administer this remedy.

Insomnia (sleeplessness) is very often effectually relieved by one or two doses of nutmeg, when much stronger agents have signally failed.—New York Journal.

**A Walking Advertisement.**

A new profession has been introduced into the city during the past two years, which the majority of citizens know little about. All large prominent houses now hire professional dressers for the purpose of introducing new styles. You may have noticed often that some particular friend of yours who, as you well know, has no bank account, and does not seem to work but yet dresses in the height of fashion, wearing every new style of hat, clothes, shoes or necktie that makes its appearance. Well, he is employed by some house to popularize new garments by wearing them and making them familiar to all dressers. He receives a salary and frequents all popular resorts; in fact, he lives off of his shape and looks, as only handsome and well formed men are eligible to the new profession.—Merchant Tailor in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**When Royalty Dissembled.**

"Little Tattler" in The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The Pier hotel, Hastings, where the Empress Eugenie and the prince imperial took refuge after their flight from France, lived for a long time on the reputation it had thus acquired, and quite lately I saw over the porte cochere of an old provincial French inn the words pompously inscribed, "Here royalty sojourned one night;" the royalties in question being Louis Philippe and his queen. When they arrived, "got up" as Mr. and Mrs. Smith, the king, hearing that there was at that time an English my lord and his family staying there, called out gruffly to Marie Amelie, "Trot along, old woman, bring up Mrs. Smith," a feat which only a Frenchman who had taught English for a living would have been capable of performing.

**Beans with the Bag Open.**

He was a large man and wore a gray ulster. A pair of glasses added to his intellectual appearance. He walked sedately up the stairs of the elevated station at Chambers street. He had several packages. One of them, a bag containing beans, was held under his arm. Suddenly a bean escaped and rolled downward, bouncing from step to step. It was followed by another and another; and directly there was a stream of beans cascading down the stairs behind the unconscious man. Several people called to him, but he did not grasp the situation until he had reached the top. Then, after a critical examination of the empty bag, he turned to the smiling crowd, and, with the air of one imparting a great truth, said: "There's a hole in it!"—New York Sun.

**A Little Too Previous.**

A good story is going the rounds about a certain married man on Pleasant street. He got up one morning in a terrible hurry, rushed around frantically, built a fire, decided that he wouldn't have time to wait for breakfast, had his wife make him a cup of coffee—all he could take time for—swallowed the coffee, put on his overcoat, said "good morning" to his wife, looked at the clock, found it was half past 2 a. m., and went back to bed.—Attleboro (Mass.) Sun.

**A Fine Mopper.**

Mrs. Lucinda Jackson—Is yo' got any work ob any kind yo'd like done, lady?

Mrs. Housekeeper—What kind of work can you do?

Mrs. Jackson—Well, I does moppin' nos'ly, an' I kin do any kin' ob it from de plainest eb'ry day sort to de finest fix-up fo' Sunday kind. If yo' want any real fine moppin' done, lady, I kin do it up neat an' fine.—Detroit Free Press.

## A BABY IN THE BATTLE.

### AN INCIDENT IN THE CAREER OF HEROIC LORD CHARLES HAY.

**Into the Jaws of Death He Strode Alone, and, Raising the Helpless Child in His Arms, Carried It Up to the Enemy's Front and Delivered It to the Mother.**

"Hello! What's 'Young Salamander' up to now?"

"Mad, I fancy, or else he wants to get killed."

"And so he will, whether he wants it or not, if he goes running in among the bullets like that!"

In truth "Young Salamander" (otherwise Lord Charles Hay of the First Life Guards) did seem to be running a fearful risk without any reason whatever. One of the hardest battles ever fought between the French and English in Belgium was at its hottest. The French army was much the stronger of the two, and although the English held their ground as stubbornly as bulldogs it seemed very doubtful which way the fight would go. Just then, in the thick of the uproar and confusion, the rolling smoke and the flying shot, young Hay (whose bravery under fire had long since earned him the nickname of "Salamander" from his adoring soldiers) was seen to step forth from the English line and advance straight toward the enemy.

A DESPERATE VENTURE.

A more desperate venture could hardly be imagined, for so thickly were the bullets flying between the two opposing lines that the little jets of dust which they knocked up from the dry earth formed a cloud almost as dense as the smoke itself. Nothing mortal surely could live in such a storm of shot; and what could he possibly be going to do there?

"Come back, my lord; come back, for heaven's sake!" shouted a dozen deep voices at once.

"The young fool's mad—stark mad!" roared the English colonel, recovering from his stupor of amazement. "Come back this minute, you young idiot! Do you want to be killed?"

But Lord Charles still went forward without a moment's pause, as if he had not heard them. Then the English ceased firing in sheer astonishment; but just at that moment the flash and crackle of a fresh volley burst forth like a storm along the glittering line of French bayonets, and all was hidden in smoke. When the smoke cleared again every one expected to see the brave lad lying dead. But no—Hay was still on his feet. His cap had been struck off, and some said that they could see blood on his face, but he was still marching onward as steadily as ever.

And now the French grenadiers, beginning to descry him through the rolling smoke, stopped firing in their turn, supposing that this single man who was coming toward them so boldly from the English line must be the bearer of some message from the British general, and the attention of the two contending hosts was bent upon the solitary figure between them. Just then a sudden gust of wind whirled aside for a moment the cloud of smoke and dust, and every one saw for the first time what Lord Charles Hay was about.

A little to the left of the English line of battle stood a cluster of miserable hovels, and the Flemish peasants who inhabited them, instead of running away when the battle began, as one might have expected, had stayed where they were, seeing that the fight seemed to be rolling away from them, and not liking the idea of abandoning their huts, which, poor and wretched as they were, were the only home that they had. But they soon found that they were mistaken, for a sudden change in the position of the two armies brought these unlucky cottages right into the line of fire, and the terrified peasants, finding the cannon balls falling thickly on every side of them, took to their heels at once, dragging with them their children and what few goods they could manage to carry.

In the hurry of this panic flight a tiny girl, hardly old enough to walk alone, had fallen or been left behind, and was now lying on the ground midway between the French and English lines, crying bitterly, while her mother could be seen in the distance shrieking wildly and tossing her arms in the air and struggling to break loose from her husband, who was holding her firmly, for, counting his child already lost, he had no wish to lose his wife as well.

APPLAUDED BY THE ENEMY.

Coolly as if on parade the brave young guardsman strode onward to the spot where the helpless child lay, his fair hair and bright young face showing through the billowy smoke like those of an angel in some old Italian painting. He raised it tenderly in his arms, and some who saw it said afterward that the poor little trembler ceased crying at once, as if soothed and comforted by his gentle voice and kindly smile. Then, keeping his own body as much as possible between the child and the leveled muskets of the French, he went straight on, as calmly as ever, toward the dark mass of his enemies.

"Don't fire, comrades—don't fire!" shouted a tall stern looking French soldier, whose grim face was black with dust and gunpowder. "If he were twenty times an Englishman, he's as good as a saint from heaven, for all that!"

At that moment a mighty shout, which was heard high above the roar of cannon and musketry from the other side of the battlefield, burst from the English ranks as they saw their young hero bearing the child unharmed across that deadly space, and scarcely had the cheer died away when it was echoed by an answering cheer from the French, which rolled along the vast plain like a peel of distant thunder. Meanwhile the young officer, passing close to the cruel points of the French bayonets as coolly as if they had been only bulrushes, with the tiny face nestling trustingly against his shoulder, went straight up to the distracted mother and placed the child in her arms.

Then he kissed the tiny thin little cheek tenderly, and was just turning away to go back to his own men when a stately old officer with a long gray mustache, whose broad breast was covered with crosses and decorations, stepped forth from the French line and held out his hand.

"Monsieur," said he, bowing courteously, "permit me to have the honor of shaking hands with the bravest man I have ever met."

An hour later Lord Charles Hay was lying face downward upon the earth, sorely wounded by a chance bullet which had hit him just as the enemy were giving way and beginning to retreat. But though his wound was a severe and painful one, and though he lived to become one of the richest and most popular men in all England, he always spoke of that day as the happiest of his whole life.—Montreal Star.

**Lincoln's Whiskers.**

President Lincoln's kind heart always responded to a child's advances. He indulged his own children, saying, "It is my pleasure that my children are free and happy, and unrestrained by parental tyranny. Love is the chain whereby to bind a child to its parents."

Before his election in 1860 a little girl of 11 years, seing his lithograph portrait, thought his appearance would be improved should he wear whiskers. She uttered her childish thought in a letter to Mr. Lincoln, and in a few days received a friendly answer, in which he asked:

"As to the whiskers, as I have never worn any, do you not think that people would call it a piece of silly affectation were I to begin wearing them now?"

During his journey to Washington, after his election to the presidency, the train stopped at Westfield, Chautauqua county, at which place the litt' girl resided.

"I have a correspondent in this place," said Mr. Lincoln, "a little girl whose name is Grace Bedell, and I wou'd like to see her."

She was brought to the station. He stepped from the cars, extended his hand and said: "You see I have let those whiskers grow for you, Grace." Then kissing her, he bade her good-by.

When he stood up at the Capitol to deliver his inaugural address, friends were surprised to see that the president was raising a crop of whiskers. Vexed at his spoiling a face which expressed power and pathos by wearing a coarse, stiff, ungraceful beard of the blacking brush variety, they made inquiries, and learned that he had ceased to shave to gratify a very young lady.—Youth's Companion.

**A Hint for Young Girls.**

When your sweetheart comes to see you, don't be foolish enough to confine your sweetness to him alone. Have him in where all of the rest of the household are. Let the talk and the chatter and the music and the playing of games be in the home circle. Then the few minutes that he gets with you by yourself will seem all the more delightful, and he will think you the most loving little creature in the world. Men are much more observant than they are credited with being, and the man worth having as a husband is the one who will appreciate your love for those of your own people and will see that as you make a small part in one home, you are becoming adapted for the central figure in another.

Never say that you don't expect a man to marry your whole family. It's vulgar. You do. That is, if you are a good daughter and a loving sister. You want him to be one with you in sympathy and in affection, and as you take his name, so you assume responsibilities as far as his people are concerned. You two are the most to each other—your love for each should be the greatest, but you cannot isolate yourselves and insist that you have no duties outside your own home. If you do this you become narrow and selfish, and you are quite too nice a girl for that. So remember when he comes, this bridegroom of yours, that his heart is bound the tighter to you if the ribbon used to hold it has written upon it in golden letters, "Love and consideration for those at home."—Ladies' Home Journal.

**Truth Not Always Pleasant.**

"Dear friend!" cried the willow, as she bent over the stream, and gazed on her beautiful form reflected on the glassy surface, "how tender and how true you are! I and the flowers around me have not a single charm that is not mirrored on your faithful bosom." And, as the breeze played gently among her branches, they bent to the stream and kissed the placid waters.

Summer passed, and winter; summer and winter; summer and winter; and the willow grew old. Its leaves were few, its branches withered, the flowers around faded.

"How changed you are!" she cried peevishly to the stream. "Once I never looked on you but to rejoice, for all you showed me was pleasant and full of praise. Now, when I try to bend to catch a glimpse, I turn away sad and sorrowful; for what do you bring before me? Not verdure, not symmetry, not grace; but bareness, deformity and decay. You are greatly changed."

"Foolish willow!" answered the stream, "I am too true—that is my fault. There is a change, but it is not in me; but you are not the only one that looks coldly on the truth when it offends the liking."

**A Question in Physical Culture.**

Sweet Little Daughter—Papa, isn't mamma dreadfully strong?

Papa—No, dear. She's small, you know. It's your papa that is the strong one of the family.

S. L. D.—But, then, I heard mamma telling Mrs. Tellytall last evening that she could just wind you around her finger.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

**What a Bucket Shop Is.**

Tom—Say, Jack, what's a bucket shop?

Jack—I guess it's where the brokers get their buckets to water the stock with.—Lippincott's.

## HAVE YOU A DOUBLE CHIN?

**If So, Be Proud of It, as It Is Said to Indicate Strong Character.**

The great justification of the double chin rests, of course, on its unrivaled value as an index of character—and such a character! It is really nature's patent of nobility. This was long ago discerned by the great master of physiognomy. It is not difficult to divine what Lavater thought of a double chin. He carefully points out that man differs from the animal chiefly by his chin, laying it down as an axiom that the chin is the distinctive characteristic of humanity; consequently double chinned people are doubly differentiated from the beasts that perish, which is greatly to their credit. He expressly takes for his model of "the thinker, full of sagacity and penetration," a man with a fleshy double chin, coupled with a nose rounded at the end. The portrait he gives is even better than the letter press, as the gentleman is limned with at least five chins, so that his lower jaw was a vista of magnificent distances like Washington.

This happy physiognomy of the double chin, coupled with the rounded nose, characterizes, he tells us, the mind which can rise to heights, and which follows its designs with reflecting firmness, unalloyed by obstinacy. Let, therefore, those with double chins rejoice, whether they possess rounded noses or not, and quote Lavater in gratitude. He gives again another example of the double menton, and the face so endowed, he says enthusiastically, is reason's own image. He quite revels in this feature. He takes an example of Raphael with a beautifully rounded double chin, and in criticising it he acknowledges that the profile is wanting in truth, harmony and grace; but then, asks he, how is it it so strongly takes captive our sympathy? Where lies the illusion? Merely in the chin, he answers, and, as the chin is a double one, the matter is no longer a mystery. He points triumphantly to Cicero's magnificent double chin, and in a burst of eloquence says of Wren's that, if you can find a man with (among other things) such a chin as that, without being gifted with some extraordinary talent, he renounces forever the science of physiognomy.

What Lavater has thus laid down experience amply corroborates. The double-chinned, therefore, should hold their heads up higher, in the consciousness of modest merit, and give free play and just prominence to their certificates of character. It is, as hinted above, rather difficult at present to tell who is endowed and who is not. Portrait painters are craven enough to dissimulate a double chin; they leave it to a caricaturist, who seems to think it great fun for a popular statesman or poet to have two chins, whereas those appendages are the secret of their success. Some of our more observant writers have got a glimpse of the truth; Wilkie Collins, for instance. He very properly credits Count Fosco, the man of daring, resource and determination, with a double chin, to which Fosco's pet cockatoo calls public attention by rubbing its head against it in the most appreciative manner possible. But your ordinary novelist would never have thought of that.

As an Englishman, by the way, one naturally turns to Shakespeare to see whether his appearance corroborates Lavater's views. Shakespeare undoubtedly foresaw the point, as he foresaw everything else, but he was sufficiently artful to wear just enough beard to place it in eternal doubt whether he had a double chin or not. Thus he leaves it open to all parties, single-chinned or double, to quote him as an instance of anything they like, which, after all, is the great use which Shakespeare has always been put to.—London Standard.

**Likes and Dislikes.**

Affinities and repulsions are queer things. Some times they allow analysis or explanation, but just as often they don't. Our likes and dislikes do not appear to be under our control any more than that very powerful emotional impulse toward a particular one which is called love. It may be said generally that where there is esteem there can't be any strong dislike, though there may be no attraction. Yet, curiously enough, there may be love without esteem. Women have been known to love the most worthless characters, for whom they could not possibly have any esteem.

It is an enigma, after all. The loss of faith in one might seem to shatter affection in one, but it doesn't. Affection survives confidence. People are drawn together whose tastes and pursuits widely differ by some strong trait which they hold in common, and persons of wonderful identity of tastes and psychological resemblances never contrive heartily to like each other by a collision revolving around some point of radical moral difference which makes all the point and kindred qualities go for nothing. And so the queerest marriages and the queerest friendships are contracted on the one hand, and the apparently strongest antagonisms kindled on the other hand.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

**Pictures of Sand.**

Parisians have lately been entertained by a remarkable artist, who displays wonderful skill in her peculiar form of painting. With plates of various colored sand before her, she takes the sand in her right hand and causes it to fall in beautiful designs upon a table. A bunch of grapes is pictured with violet sand, a leaf with green sand, the stalk with brown sand, and relief and shadows by other sands; when the work is brushed away a bouquet of roses and other objects are represented with the same dexterity and delicacy.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**English Too Limited.**

Editor (returning a manuscript to an aspiring genius from Jenkinses Corners)—Yes, I perfectly agree with you that you are a grammatical heavy weight, for you have knocked grammar completely out. I would suggest that you give some attention to the study of Chinook, as I perceive that the resources of the English language are utterly inadequate to express your ideas.—West Shore.


MISCELLANEOUS.

# Suburban Residence Property

## UPPER BELCHER STREET.

Several large lots of from one to three acres in extent, adjoining the grounds of the residences of Mr. Pemberton, Major Peters and Mr. Dumbleton, will be offered for sale on completion of survey and plans.

These lots command the most charming scenery in the neighborhood of Victoria, having a view of Mount Baker, the islands in the Straits and the Olympian range of mountains.

—APPLY TO—

H. E. CROASDAILE

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## MISSION CITY

The coming Metropolis and Inland Town of B. C., in the Fraser Valley, at the Terminus of Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

Mission is a RAILWAY CENTRE, as well as being located in the heart of the finest FARMING and FRUIT GROWING District in the Province. Reader, do not miss this chance, as prices will be advanced this week.

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## Bryant's Addition to Port Angeles.

We are offering lots in the above Addition at $60 each. The lots are 40 x 125, and are, without exception, the cheapest in the market.

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In Stock the Best and Cheapest Stoves, the Cheapest Tinware in the Province, Crockery, Glassware, Furniture, Electro-plated Goods and Cutlery, Gardening Tools and Hardware, Carpenter Tools, the Best, and at Bedrock Prices.

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## "STORM."

THIS YOUNG THOROUGHBRED TROTTING STALLION WILL SERVE A limited number of mares at the Victoria Jockey Club grounds, Cadboro Bay Road, for the season of 1890, commencing 1st April and ending 1st July.

Storm was foaled 25th April, 1886; is a rich Seal Brown in color, stands 16½ hands high; weighs 1,200 pounds, and is remarkably good tempered. He has fine action and though never trained has shown some exceedingly fast quarters. A glance at the subjoined pedigree will convince horsemen that Storm is royally bred. Terms, $40 (to accompany first service) for the season, with privilege of returning next season if the mare does not prove to be in foal.

Great care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible for any that occur.

STORM.
- TEMPEST
  - Car. Mambrino
    - Mambrino Patchen
      - Mambrino Chief.
      - Daughter of Gano.
    - 1st daughter of Mamb. Chief, 2nd dam by Imp Jordon.
  - Bluegra s.
    - Hambletonian (10).
      - Abdallah by son of Imp. Mess.
      - Chas. Kent mare, by Imp. Belfonder. Grayfoot, by Imp. Grayfoot.
    - Daughter of
      - daughter of Excelsior, by Eclipse.
- JEANE PERAULT.
  - Signal. This horse was imported from Kentucky to California in an early day by Mr. Singletery, now a banker at San Jose. The sire of STANDARD TROTTERS, ped. untraced.
  - The Banker's daughter
    - John Nelson.
    - Miss Eaton.
      - Trustee, a 20-mile horse.
      - Untraced, S.T.B., by Mess
      - Belmont, Thoroughbred.
      - Rebecca, by Imp. Glencoe.

N. B.—Good pasturage can be had at $2.50 per month.

mr29 JOHN SANGSTER, Manager.

## FENCING.

Best and Cheapest in the Market; Effective, Durable and Portable. This Fencing is manufactured by us of either laths or pickets, four feet long, woven in galvanized steel wire, and we can place the pickets any distance apart. Price—$1.00 per rod (16½ feet) and upwards.

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S,

70 YATES STREET. my4-12mos TELEPHONE 454.

## LIVED AMONG CANNIBALS.

Beresford Alfred, Baron d'Este, and his wife, nee Harney, whose first husband was Viscount de Noue, are at the Southern. The Baron d'Este is a Frenchman by birth, an Italian by descent, an Englishman through his mother, and a man of many countries by virtue of travel and inclination. He wears his title lightly, as one who has seen much of the world, and lived among those nations where rank is levelled by necessity, and such is indeed the case.

In conversation with a representative of the Republic yesterday he said that he had spent much of his life in the British colonies. The Baron is a handsome man, with a sun-burned face, speaks English like an Englishman, and does not look over 40 years of age, though he may be older. As a young man he spent several years in Australia, but in 1870, when cotton was commanding a very high price, he in company with a number of friends, went into the business of raising the costly product on the Fiji Islands. The islands at that time were inhabited largely by cannibals, and white men, though assisted by the friendly natives, carried their lives in their hands, and went constantly armed.

"The sister of my first wife," said the Baron yesterday, "was shot down by the natives, along with her husband and their two children. The cannibals then attempted to carry off the dead bodies, intending to eat them at their leisure in the mountains, but fortunately reinforcements came to our aid and the savages were driven back. My business partner died, and some of the wretches pilfered his grave of the two thigh bones, which they carried off to their mountain retreat as trophies, but I found out who had been guilty of the desecration, and succeeded in recovering the bones.

"I was once on the point of tasting human flesh myself. Some of the natives had been assisting us to build a house, and the completion of the work was celebrated with a feast. In the course of the dinner I helped myself from a dish whose contents resembled pork, and was about to taste of it when a friendly native nudged me with his elbow and whispered one suggestive and sufficient word—'Man.' I needed no further explanation, but it must have been a great disappointment to the cannibals, who would have been much pleased to think that a white man had eaten human flesh. Our life was certainly a dangerous one, but cotton was selling high and we made money. In 1875 the English took possession of the Island. I gladly joined their forces, and the cannibals were all either killed or made prisoners."

In 1875 the Baron left the Fiji Islands for India, where he went into the business of raising sugar. He also spent some time in Madagascar, but for the past few years has been living in Paris.—Republic.

## A WISE PRECAUTION.

An exchange notes as a wise precaution the act of a Philadelphia physician who, while riding in a railroad car, gave one of his children a drink of water by spreading a clean handkerchief over the top of the glass, to prevent the contact of the child's lips with the tumbler. A still better expedient with the same object in view, has often been resorted to by the writer; and his children have been instructed to practice the same precaution when obliged to drink from a mug or tumbler on the cars, steamboats, or at public drinking fountains. It consists in bringing the lower edge of the drinking cup beneath the lower lip, instead of letting it come in contact with the mucous membrane of the mouth. Teach the children to stick their whole bill into the cup when they take a drink under such circumstances, for it avoids a real and considerable danger of infection from certain contagious diseases.—Sanitary Inspector.

## IT CAUGHT HER.

A stylishly-dressed woman was recently brought before a New York City magistrate, on a charge of stealing ribbons in a store. The chief clerk observed her talking freely with her counsel, and was puzzled because she looked at him blankly when he asked her name and residence, and replied with a shake of her head. "She is French," explained the lawyer, "and doesn't understand English. Put it down Marie Latouche." The clerk frowned incredulously. "What age is she?" he asked. "Twenty-two," replied the lawyer. Then the clerk's eyes twinkled as he said softly: "Thirty-two?" "No, Twenty-two," snapped the fair prisoner. "Umph!" said the clerk, "You can speak English if you don't understand it."

## STITCH! STITCH! STITCH!

The following singular calculation of the number of stitches in a plain shirt has been made by a Leicester seamstress: Stitches in collar, four rows, 3,000; cross ends of same, 500; button-whole and sewing on button, 150; gathering neck and sewing on collar, 1,204; stitching the wristbands, 1,228; ends of wristbands, 68; button-holes in wristbands, 148; hemming slits, 264; gathering sleeves, 840; setting on wristbands, 1,460; stitching on shoulder straps, 1,880; hemming the bosom, 393; sewing in sleeves and making gussets, 3,050; sewing up side seams of sleeves, 2,554; cording bosom, 1,104; "tapping" the sleeves, 1,526; sewing all other seams and setting side gussets, 1,272. Total number of stitches, 30,649.—St. Louis Republic.

## FREE TRADE VS. PROTECTION.

It has been charged that Homestead and Henhouse is paid by capitalists to advocate the cause of protection. This is not so. We believe that all wide-awake farmers know that protection is a great deal better for them than free trade. If they have to pay twice as much for their sugar, coffee and agricultural implements, this enables millionaires and capitalists in the cities to pay two or three cents per dozen more for their eggs. We are the friend of the farmer, and also the friend of protection.

## QUEER SCENE IN A MAINE COURT.

The Skowhegan correspondent of the Fairfield Journal gives the following description of the homelike appearance of the Maine Supreme court room during the present term of court: "Ladies in the gallery bring their needlework and sit out the long hours of the session. It is interesting to watch them threading needles, tying knots, basting, occasionally pausing to catch some portion of the evidence, and again to confide in a neighbor something relative to some newcomer, interspersed with the which tend to impress the lookers-on with the solemnity of the occasion, and add perceptibly to the 'homelike' appearance of our judicial residence."

## A SIGNIFICANT THOUGH SMALL ERROR.

"I was almost as badly misrepresented by the change of a word as was your friend," said Dr. Messemer. "It was the case of a laborer whose leg was mangled in a railroad accident and whose friends wanted the leg amputated, although there was no hope that he would survive the operation. A part of the published report of the case read: 'Dr. Messemer was called in, but after feeling the patient's purse, declined to perform the operation.'"

## A GREAT DIFFERENCE.

"Ah! you know my brother," said an Englishman to an American acquaintance. "Yes, I am well acquainted with him." "And do you notice the great difference between me and him?" "No, I can't say that I do." "But there is a great difference. Our characters are totally different." "In what way?" "Well, you see, Henry always winds his watch in the morning, and I wind mine at night."

## AMONG THE POULTRY.

Do not dose the poultry continually.

Selection of the breeding stock comes under the head of good management.

Double-yolked eggs will occasionally hatch, but there is no economy in setting them.

Millet seed is a good feed for young chickens, but should only be supplied in small quantities.

Do not expect too many eggs to hatch from a setting if shipped any distance. Ten is more than an average.

Unless it cannot be avoided, fowls that moulted late should not be used for breeding. As a rule, they lack thrift.

In the spring, especially, a quick-maturing fowl will be found quite desirable, and in selecting breeding stock the fact should not be overlooked.

If Brahmas or Cochins are kept, it will, in many cases, pay to make them forage for a part of their living. The exercise will be very beneficial.

Care should be taken not to in-and-in breed too closely, as not only will the quality be lowered, but there is always more or less risk of deformity in some way.

Cornmeal and milk are among the material for fattening fowls, and can be supplied liberally at this season for regular feeding for any length of time A mixed ration will give the best results.

Watch the hens as they lay and select eggs for hatching from the best layers. In this way a good breed of hens for eggs can be readily secured. There is a considerable difference in this respect, and it is quite an item to get the best.

Take a pound of copperas dissolved in a gallon of water and then add an ounce of sulphuric acid and you have the Douglas mixture. Put a half pint of this into the drinking water twice a week. It makes the best tonic.

One of the cheapest as well as the most convenient ways of marking fowls of any kind is with a punch, cutting one hole or more if desired in the web of the foot. A watch key if sharpened can be made to answer, but it makes almost too small a hole.

Care must be taken to feed the setting hens. The days are sometimes so chilly that if the eggs are left too long they will be so chilled that the vitality will be killed. While the hens will not need so much feed as when they are laying, yet what they do need should be supplied where they can get it conveniently.

## AN EYE-OPENER.

"I came down here," said a man to Officer Button at the Third-street depot the other day; "I came down here to see if I could get a pass to Buffalo."

"On what grounds?" asked the officer.

"On the grounds that my sister is dead."

"You could no more get a pass on that excuse than crowbars can fly."

"I couldn't?"

"Why, no. What is your sister to this railroad?"

"That's so. The thought had not occurred to me before. It is nothing to this railroad whether she lives or dies."

"Nothing."

"I might have six dying sisters and the company couldn't help it."

"Of course not."

"I see it clearly now. It is nothing to the company whether I get to Buffalo or not."

"No, sir."

"Whether I live or die."

"No, sir."

"I see. I see. I thank you kindly for opening my eyes to these facts, and allow me to bid you good day."

## THE JUROR WAS SCRATCHED.

Judge William Louis Kelly, of the District Court, is acquiring a reputation for wit on the bench. A young lawyer in the German-American bank building tells the following:

Various jurors were waiting before the Judge, as the custom is at every term of court, to be excused from service. A meek-looking man came up in his turn and asked that he might be let off.

"You can't get off without a good excuse," said the Judge.

"I have a good reason."

"You must tell it or serve," said the Judge.

"But, your honor, I don't believe the other jurors would care to have me serve."

"Why not? What's your excuse?"

"Well—I—" (hesitating).

"What is it?"

"I've got the itch."

"Mr. Clerk," said Judge Kelly, quickly, "scratch that man out."

### FOR MARKING TABLE LINEN.

A lady wishes to know the best way of marking table linen. Blackberry pie is our choice, although a baby with a gravy dish is highly esteemed by many.—New York Journal.

### REGULATING THE TARIFF.

Thompson (after a dubious whiff)—Didn't you say, Brown, that these cigars were two for a quarter? Brown (puffing joyously)—Yes; I'm smoking the twenty-cent one.—American Grocer.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria.
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria.

## TO YOUNG HUSBANDS.

### Some Advice Regarding the Best Way to Treat Your Wives.

One of the most despicable practices that a married man can be guilty of is a kind of coarse jesting at the bondage of the married state, and a laugh at the shackles which the wife imposes. On the contrary, be it your pride to exhibit to the world that sight on which the wise man passes such an encomium: "Beautiful before God and men are a man and wife that perfectly agree." Make it an established rule to consult your wife on all occasions—your interest is hers—and undertake no plan contrary to her advice and opposition. Independent of better motives, what a responsibility does it free you from! For if the affair turns out ill, you are spared reproaches both from her and your own feelings.

But the fact is, she who ought to have most influence on her husband's mind is often the person who has the least, as a man will frequently take the advice of a stranger, who cares not for him nor his interest, in preference to the cordial and sensible opinion of his wife. A due consideration of the domestic evils such a line of conduct is calculated to produce might, one would think, of itself be sufficient to prevent adoption; but, independent of these, policy should influence you, for there is a woman of intuitive quickness, a sagacity, a penetration and a foresight into the probable consequences of an event that make her peculiarly calculated to give her opinion and advice. "If I were making up a plan of consequences," said the great Lord Bolingbroke, "I should like first to consult with a sensible woman."

Have you any male acquaintance whom, on reasonable grounds, your wife wishes you to resign? Why should you hesitate? Of what consequence can be the civilities or even the friendship of any one compared with the wishes of her with whom you have to spend your life, whose comfort in your marriage vows you have promised to attend to, and who has a right to demand not only such a trifling compliance, but great sacrifices if necessary? Never witness a tear from your wife with apathy or indifference. Be assured, when you see a tear on her cheek, that her heart is touched, and do not behold it with coldness and insensibility. It is unnecessary to say that contradiction is to be avoided at all times; but when in the presence of others be particularly watchful. A look or a word that may, perhaps, in reality convey no angry meaning may at once lead people to think that their presence alone restrains the eruption of a discord which probably has no existence whatsoever. Some men who are married to women of inferior fortune or connection will frequently have the meanness to upbraid them with the disparity. My good sir, allow me to ask you what was your motive in marrying? Was it to oblige or please your wife? No; truly, it was to oblige and please yourself, your own dear self. Had she refused to marry you you would have been (in lover's phrase) a very miserable man.—Mrs. Grace Wilcox in Montreal Star.

### His Best Girl's Name in Gold.

A new industry has made its appearance in the hotel corridors which, from the satisfied expression of the proprietor's face, seems to pay handsome profits. The man does not confine himself to any one locality, but is now found in one familiar corridor, now in another. His businesss has a certain amount of sentiment in it, for out of thin sheet gold he manufactures pretty lace pins, the design of which is the signature of any fair one to whom his customer desires to present his offering. The signature, which, singularly enough, is almost without exception the first name of the maiden, is clipped from the end of a letter and handed to the artist. After looking at it closely through a magnifying glass he gets a thorough idea of the proportion of its shading and all of its characteristics. Then with the thin sheet of gold in his fingers and a delicate pair of finely tempered scissors and a hair file he reproduces the signature in the precious metal in an incredibly short time. The work of soldering a pin to the signature and packing it in a box filled with tinted and perfumed cotton is a matter of a few moments. It is said that bridegrooms are this man's chief patrons.—New York Times.

### Minors and Jury Duty.

One day this week I made the astounding discovery that in order to be eligible to jury duty it is not necessary that the party summoned on a panel should be 21 years of age. The name of my son, who is not 20 years of age, was given in a list of young men, in the house where he is employed, supposed to be eligible for jury duty. When I went to see Judge Withrow on the boy's behalf, I stated the fact of his minority, but the judge said that made no difference; that if he was but 9 years of age and possessed of the requisite intelligence he would be obliged to serve, and that failure to appear would lay him liable to attachment and fine. This was news to me. It seems under the law that a man may be too old for jury service, but not too young.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### The Ass and the Wild Horse.

An Ass who was at Pasture one day was approached by a Wild Horse, whose graceful movements and perfect freedom from the restraints of Man so filled the Ass with Envy and Delight that he begged the Privilege of making an Excursion in his company. The Horse consented and the two set out together, but they had not traveled above three or four miles when a pack of wolves made a rush and cut the Ass off from his companion. He cried out in Terror for Assistance, but the Horse said, as he galloped away:

"I had forgotten to mention the Fact that this sort of life has its drawbacks as well as any other, and this is one of them."

Moral: Nature puts us all where we belong.—Detroit Free Press.

### The Calendar.

In the blank grammar school yesterday the divisions of time were under consideration in the class. The teacher had explained the origin of the Gregorian calendar, and recounted the difficulties which arose from the Augustan calendar, and noted the reluctance of the Greek church to adopt the reformed arrangement of time. Then he turned to the class, and said:

"Under what calendar are we living now?"

Silence on the part of the class. But presently the smallest boy of the lot piped out shrilly:

"Under the life insurance calendar!"—Boston Transcript.

### Not Much of a Sight, After All.

"I saw a goblet today made of bone."

"Pshaw! I saw a tumbler made of flesh and blood last night."

"Where?"

"At the circus."—Harper's Bazar.

## KOOTENAY NEWS.

### The River Still Frozen—Another Steamer for the Upper Columbia—Railway Matters.

(Kootenay Star.)

A warm rain for two days this week, which softened the ice, gave hopes that steamers would be running next week, but Thursday night it turned cold again with wind from the north. It cannot be many days, however, before business on the river will be in full swing.

The C. P. R. have begun the construction of three scows, which are to be used in transporting railroad material to Sproat. These, in addition to four steamers, one of which will rate at 150 tons, will probably constitute the necessary carrying capacity for building operations down the river.

The last plank was put on the hull of the new steamer yesterday, and in about one week she will be ready for her machinery, and will be launched and towed up to the railroad bridge, near which her boiler and engine have been housed during the winter.

Capt. John Irving is expected here in a few days on his way to the Little Dalles, for the purpose of bringing up the steamer Kootenay, which has now been purchased by the Columbia and Kootenay Lake Transportation Co. This addition will make four steamers in the Columbia river fleet.

The Revelstoke Lumber Company expect to begin sawing lumber next Monday or Tuesday. This will be an era in the history of Revelstoke. The mill has been cutting 52,000 shingles a day, and Mr. Dan Robinson, the president and managing partner, believes he can for the present supply the demand for both lumber and shingles by running night and day. Five cars were on the side track yesterday loaded with shingles for eastern points.

John McLeod has been appointed superintendent of the Columbia and Kootenay Railway. The first duties of his new appointment will be in having charge of the new line, and when it is completed, superintending its operation. He intends to have it running within four months from this time. Mr. McLeod's varied knowledge of railway affairs, and natural ability fully qualify him for the responsible duties of his new field. He will go down to Sproat on the first steamer with the engineering corps, which will be under the charge of Mr. D. A. Stewart, as the chief of the corps.

### Suicide Through Despondency.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Mary Stevens and her eight-year-old son Henry, disappeared from their home, 121 Thirty-third street, last Thursday evening, and it is believed their bodies are now in Lake Michigan. When Mrs. Stevens left home with her boy she told her husband, Joel A. Stevens, superintendent of the Merchants Arc and Light and Power company, that she was going out to visit the carrousel on State street. Since then neither mother nor son have been seen. Stevens says he believes his wife jumped into the lake on Thursday and carried the boy with her. About a year ago Mrs. Stevens' 11-year-old son was run down by a train, and his legs cut off. Before he could be taken to the hospital he died. The violent death of the son prostrated Mrs. Stevens, and since then she has been despondent. Her husband says she frequently said that she would drown herself, "if it were not for my son Harry."



## KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

### FERRIES.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL be received by the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Tuesday, 20th day of May next, for the right of maintaining and operating a Ferry at each of the following places for one year from the 1st day of June next, viz.:—

At the points where the trail between Sproat's Landing and Nelson crosses the Slocan and the Kootenay Rivers.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide all necessary appliances for the proper working of a ferry suitable for the traffic and to the satisfaction of the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. He will be allowed the use of any plant now at the ferry site, which is the property of the Government, free of charge.

He will be allowed to collect to ls at the following rates, viz.:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For every passenger | - | 10 cents. |
| " horse or mule | - | 25 " |
| " spring waggon or buggy | | 50 " |
| " freight waggon | - | 50 " |
| " head of cattle | - | 25 " |
| " sheep, pig or goat | - | 10 " |
| " one hundred pounds of freight (excepting mining machinery, which shall be carried free) | - | 5 " |

Return pack-animals and freight teams to pass free.

Tenders must state the amount of rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege, and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $1,000, for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government, with their animals and freight, to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 12th April, 1890. ap15-td

## NOTICE.

### To Bridge Builders.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Thursday, 24th inst., for the construction of a new bridge over the ravine on the Gorge Road, at the City boundary.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 16th April, 1890. ap17

JOHN BOYD,
Importer and Wholesale
WINE AND TEA MERCHANT,
No. 100 Wharf st., Victoria, B. C.
my1

# SPENCER'S ARCADE.

## New Goods this Week.

BOYS' SAILOR SUITS in French Twills, Diagonals, Serges and Drills.

GIRLS' SAILOR DRESSES AND BLOUSES in newest and best wool and cotton materials.
GIRLS' COSTUMES in Silk, Cashmere, and new wool and cotton fabrics.

LADIES' ZEPHYRS and Flannel Wrappers and Dressing Gowns.
Tea Gowns in very choice styles.

D. SPENCER,
Government Street.

# W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Have now a complete stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., for Winter wear.

A large assortment of CHRISTY'S Hats in the new styles, Mackintoshes and Umbrellas.



# THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836
—Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.—
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000. RESERVE FUND, £255,000.

LONDON OFFICE—3 CLEMENT'S LANE, LOMBARD STREET, E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

J. H. BRODIE, Esq. | HENRY R. FARRER, Esq. | E. A. H. ARE, Esq. | J. J. KINGSFORD, Esq. | G. D. WHATMAN, Esq.
J. J. CATER, Esq. | RICHARD H. GLYN, Esq. | HENRY J. B. KENDALL, Esq. | FREDERIC LUBBOCK, Esq.

SECRETARY—A. G. WALLIS, Esq. BANKERS—THE BANK OF ENGLAND.—MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & CO.

GENERAL MANAGER—R. R. GRINDLEY, Esq., Montreal.

ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

MONTREAL, QUEBEC } Quebec; OTTAWA, TORONTO, KINGSTON } Ontario; HAMILTON, BRANTFORD, PARIS, LONDON } Ontario; HALIFAX, N. S.; ST. JOHN, FREDERICTON } N. B.; VICTORIA, VANCOUVER } B. C.; WINNIPEG, BRANDON } Manitoba.

AGENCIES IN AMERICA, { NEW YORK—Agents, Messrs. H. Stikeman & F. Brownfield, 52 Wall Street. SAN FRANCISCO—Agents, Messrs. W. Lawson & J. C. Welsh, 124 Sansom Street.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Of the Bank of British North America, presented to the Proprietors at their Fifty-fourth yearly General Meeting, on Tuesday, March 4th, 1890.

The Court of Directors have pleasure in submitting the accompanying Balance Sheet to the 31st December last, showing, with £1,467 10s. 8d. brought forward from last account, the sum of £86,076 1s. 1d. as the available Profit for the year 1889. From this an amount of £5,000 has been carried to the Reserve Fund, making it £255,000, and £2,000 transferred to the "Officers' Pension Fund."

After deducting £35,000 for the Dividend paid in October last, there remains a Balance of £44,076 1s. 1d., out of which the Directors have now to report the declaration of a Dividend of 40s. per Share, payable, free of Income Tax, on the 3rd April next, making a distribution of 7½ per cent. for the year 1889, and leaving a Balance of £4,076 1s. 1d. to be carried forward.

The Dividend Warrants will be remitted to the Proprietors as usual.

LONDON, 22nd February, 1890.

## THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

| Dr. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|
| To Capital, 20,000 Shares of £50 each fully paid | | 1,000,000 0 0 |
| To Reserve Fund | | 255,000 0 0 |
| To Deposits and Current Accounts | | 2,261,378 9 11 |
| To Notes in Circulation | | 251,608 10 4 |
| To Bills Payable and other Liabilities | | 1,730,117 12 1 |
| To Rebate Account | | 13,809 0 6 |
| To Liabilities on Endorsements... £170,648 19 5 | | |
| To Profit and Loss Account—Balance brought forward from last year | 41,407 10 8 | |
| Dividend paid April, 1889 | 40,000 0 0 | |
| | £1,407 10 8 | |
| Net profit for the year ending this date, after deducting all current charges, and providing for bad and doubtful debts | 84,668 10 5 | |
| | 86,076 1 1 | |
| Deduct Dividend paid October, 1889 £35,000; Transferred to Reserve Fund 5,000; Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund 2,000 | 42,000 0 0 | |
| Balance available for April dividend | | 44,076 1 1 |
| | | £5,555,989 13 11 |

| Cr. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|
| By Cash and Specie at Bankers' and in hand | 477,135 3 11 | |
| By Cash at Call and Short Notice | 770,475 8 11 | |
| | | 1,247,610 12 10 |
| By Investments | | 63,547 18 11 |
| By Bills Receivable, Loans on Security and other Accounts | | 4,156,065 10 1 |
| By Bank Premises, &c., in London and at the Branches | | 83,765 12 1 |
| | | £5,555,989 13 11 |

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books in London, and the Certified Returns from the Branches, and find it to present a true statement of the Bank's affairs.

LONDON, 21st February, 1890.

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO., Auditors.



## CHEAP RESIDENCE PROPERTY

On Easy Terms.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD,
VICTORIA WEST.

38 LOTS, part facing on the CRAIGFLOWER ROAD, opposite the property purchased by the late Hon. Robert Dunsmuir, commanding a magnificent view of Arm and Harbour; seven minutes' walk from the proposed Esquimalt Tram line, expected to be running by August next.

20 minutes' walk from P. O.

PRICES FROM $275.

Terms, ¼ cash; balance 4, 8 and 12 months.

FLINT & WILLIAMS
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.
ap10-1mo

## FOR SALE.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE in Victoria, with ample grounds and many unique attractions. Ten minutes walk from the Post Office. Frontage on three streets and the harbor. Substantial dwelling-house, with moderate-sized, lofty, sunny rooms, several bedrooms, bathroom, frost-proof cellar, and usual out-buildings. House and grounds thoroughly drained with brick and tiles. Large lawn, choice shrubs, flowers, and fruit in great variety and perfect condition. Boathouse. Address, P. O. box 423, Victoria. ap2-1m

## NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM Victoria, my son A. LEWIS, holds my power of attorney.

LEWIS LEWIS.

Victoria, B. C., April 17th, 1890. ap18-1m

## CARD OF THANKS.

I DESIRE HEREBY TO THANK MY friends the public for the generous patronage accorded me in the past, and to solicit a continuance of the same for my successor, Mr. G. T. Martin.

ap18-3t C. F. ROLAND.

# From the Sheep to the Shop!

BOTH QUALITY AND STYLE
Command Our New Line of
# CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
And the Wear will convince you that the Prices are Very Low.

Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Hosiery,
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
# ARTHUR HOLMES'
Corner of Yates and Broad streets.
mc8-6mo

# JOHN WEILER

IS NOW RECEIVING

Baby Carriages of Latest Designs. Lancaster Window Shading, some new patterns Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains and Poles, antique Furniture of all kinds.

An invoice of Lincrusta Walton, the most popular of inferior wall decorations.

Furniture, Office Fittings and Mantels of every description made to order.

Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery and House Furnishings in the Province.

SHOWROOM: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. | FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.
dec 22-12m



NOTICES.

## NOTICE.

### Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

A REWARD OF TWO HUNDRED Dollars will be paid by the Government of British Columbia for such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the killing and murdering of Henry T. Sunbury, in the eastern part of the City of Vancouver, on or about the 30th day of March last.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Prov'l Secretary,
Provincial Secretary's Office,
April 2nd, 1890. ap3-1mo

## NOTICE---LILLOOET DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of section 3, Chapter 15, "Consolidated Acts, 1888," the proclamation dated 22nd March, 1879, setting apart certain parcels of land situate on Pavilion Mountain, as a Common for the depasturage of cattle, has been cancelled.

JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
March 4th, 1890. ap1-1mo

## "LAND REGISTRY ACT."

### Lot 233, in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE of Indefeasible Title to the above Lot will be issued to John Herbert Turner, on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
10th April, 1890. ap9

## NOTICE.

### Supply of School Furniture.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 31st day of May next, for supplying the Educational Department with school desks.

The desks must be of an approved pattern, with iron frames and hardwood finish, in all respects fully up to the standard of a sample desk which may be seen at this office. Preference will be given to home manufacture, all points of merit being equal.

Tenders must give full particulars, and must state the price for each desk and for each rear seat delivered set up ready for use in the school-houses at Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver or New Westminster, in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 26th March, 1890.
mar28-2mo

## TABLE

*Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assise, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1890.*

### SPRING ASSIZES.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria.........Monday ....19th May.
Nanaimo.........Tuesday .... 3rd June.

[*On Mainland.*]

New Westminster..Wednesday.4th June.
Kamloops..........Monday ....2nd June.
Clinton............Monday....9th June.

### FALL ASSIZES.

[*On Mainland.*]

Richfield..........Monday ....8th Sept.
Clinton............Wednesday.24th Sept.
Kamloops..........Monday ....6th Oct.
Lytton.............Monday ....13th Oct.
New Westminster..Wednesday.12th Nov.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria...........Monday ....24th Nov.
Nanaimo..........Tuesday ....2nd Dec.
ap1-1mo

## In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

T. D. MERRILL v. D. ESSEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all to whom it may concern, that by an order made in this cause by the Chief Justice, on the 9th April, 1890, the defendant, D. Essen, has been enjoined and restrained from selling or removing any logs or lumber cut or taken from Lot 18, Range One, Coast District, and from receiving any purchase money for any logs or lumber cut or taken from the said land, and which the defendant may have sold or contracted to sell.

Victoria, THORNTON FELL,
9th April, 1890. Plaintiff's Solicitor.
ap10-1mo

## NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABSENCE from the Province Mr. H. E. Croasdaile holds my power of attorney, and will attend to the Canada Life Assurance and other business.

my9-1yr A. W. JONES.

NOTICE.—The partnership carried on under the name of Chas. Gabriel & Co., in the business known as the Japanese Bazaar, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. We hereby give notice that all accounts and disbursements connected with the late concern will be attended to by Messrs. Heisterman & Co.

CHAS. GABRIEL. F. W. FOSTER.
Witness to the above signatures:
W. MARCHANT. D. I. IMBERT.
Victoria, B. C., April 4th, 1890. ap12

## NOTICE.

### F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS,

IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of R. P. RITHET & Co., Wharf st., Victoria, in detail, duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET,
ap12-td Assignee of the Estate.

## NOTICE.

Estate of David Bosworth, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith, to Miss Elizabeth Coles, executrix of the will of the deceased.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Barrister-at-Law.
Victoria, March 19, 1890. mc20-1m

RAILWAYS.

# Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

## TIME TABLE No. 11,

To take effect at 8.40 a.m. on Tuesday October 15, 1889. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| STATIONS. | GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily. | No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only. | No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only. | GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily. | No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only. | No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| VICTORIA | De 8.40 A.M. | De 2.30 P.M. | | Ar 1.24 P.M. | Ar 5.58 P.M. | |
| RUSSELL'S, Vic. W | 8.44 | 2.34 | | 1.20 | 5.54 | |
| ESQUIMALT | 8.54 | 2.44 | | 1.10 | 5.44 | |
| GOLDSTREAM | 9.21 | 3.09 | | 12.43 | 5.19 | |
| SHAWNIGAN L'E | 10.16 | 4.04 | | 11.48 A.M. | 4.24 | |
| COBBLE HILL | 10.28 | 4.14 | | 11.38 | 4.14 | |
| McPHERSON'S | 10.45 | 4.29 | | 11.19 | 3.59 | |
| KOKSILAH | 10.57 | 4.39 | | 11.07 | 3.49 | |
| DUNCAN'S | 11.02 | 4.44 | | 11.02 | 3.44 | |
| SOMENOS | 11.12 | 4.54 | | 10.52 | 3.34 | |
| CHEMAINUS | 11.38 | 5.16 | | 10.25 | 3.12 | |
| NANAIMO | Ar 12.40 P.M. De 12.49 | 6.14 | P.M. De 10.00 | De 9.24 / 9.15 | 2.14 / De 1.5[illegible] | P.M. Ar 7.15 / De 7.00 |

### On Saturdays and Sunday[s]

Return Tickets will be issued betw[een] all points for a single fare, good for retu[rn] Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordina[ry] fare may be purchased daily to all poin[ts] good for three days, including day of iss[ue].

No Return Tickets issued for a Sin[gle] Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cen[ts]. Through rates between Victoria & Com[ox].

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Su[pt].
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# MUNICIPAL.

## DOGS AT LARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE REQUESTED T[O] take notice that all dogs found at lar[ge] within the City limits after this date wi[th]out the Corporation tag for the cu[rrent] year will be impounded and dealt w[ith] accordance with the provision of the By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on app[lication] at the City Hall.

By order, CHAS. KEN[T], Collec[tor].
Victoria, April 1st, 1890.

## PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Fifth Parliament—Fourth Session.

### FIFTIETH DAY.

Monday, 21st.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock, p.m.

Hon. Mr. Robson said that he observed on the order of the day a notice of motion by the member for Cassiar that "this House has not confidence in the present government." That hon. member, however, was not here, which was rather awkward. Had he been here he intended to have said that in face of that proposal the business of the House could not go on. This notice was on the orders of the day, and it was highly proper that it should be made before anything else was proceeded with. It was strange that the member for Cassiar was not here to do his duty. Were he here he should insist that the motion of want of confidence be disposed of. He would like to know what was the position of the leader of the opposition with respect to the subject. He took the position that the Redistribution bill could not go on on Friday night on account of this notice being on the paper. Where was the member for Cassiar?

Hon. Mr. Beaven intimated that he did not know.

Hon. Mr. Robson said he wondered whether the leader of the opposition would deem it to be his duty to send for the member. As the leader of his party it occurred to him (Mr. Robson) that it was his (Mr. Beaven's) duty to see that he was in his place.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I am not the keeper of the member for Cassiar.

Hon. Mr. Robson—Yes, you are, as the responsible leader of that party.

Hon. Mr. Beaven had not seen him since Friday. That resolution should be disposed of before public business was taken up.

Mr. Ladner explained his remarks on Friday night to mean that New Westminster was entitled to an additional member.

ELECTIONS REGULATION.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the Elections Regulation Bill. He proposed to amend section 41 by providing that it should be incumbent on every candidate for an electoral district to deposit with his nomination paper a sum of $200, which shall be returned to him on his receiving a vote equal to half the number polled by the party elected. This was already the law which regulated the Dominion elections, and it was only reasonable to apply the principle as a local act. Were the bill allowed to go into committee he should propose to directly apply the principle to districts where there were more than one member. There was nothing unjust in this measure, but its provisions were eminently required, as the running of a number of candidates increases the expenses. When a gentleman received less than half the votes which the lowest elected candidate has received he puts the country to an expense which he ought to be made to bear. The object was to prevent persons running who had no chance of election. He had known cases in which candidates in the city of Victoria had received not more than 50 or 60 votes. This was an abuse, and when such was the case such candidates should bear the expenses themselves. The other amendments to the law were merely in keeping with the above explained provisions of the act.

Mr. Semlin was amazed and sorry to see such an amendment made to the law. It was not a fact that any additional expense would be caused by an increased number of candidates other than by the printing of seven or eight names on the ballot paper. The proposed bill seemed to him to hamper the electors, and he, for one, would not endorse it, even though it were a Dominion regulation. The electors themselves ought to have every chance of selecting candidates, the difficulty at present being to get candidates. He considered the provisions of the bill an undue interference with the electorate.

Hon. Mr. Robson—The hon. gentleman presents a very comical argument when he argued that the effect of this bill will be to prevent candidates whom the electors desire to have. That would be the very opposite of this bill. The idea was to discourage candidates whom the electors did not want, and in the case of a candidate whom the electors desired to have he would most certainly get his money back. He thought, however, it would be better to substitute $100 for the $200; but he regarded the principle of the bill as just and good. The tendency of the act would be to do a great kindness to parties who were apt to rush in and run without any reasonable ground of success. It would save them expense and the sleepless nights they were accustomed to spend in running about a constituency where there was no reasonable ground for expecting their election. He recollected once in a constituency where there were about 1,000 voters that there were eleven candidates, the lowest of whom polled fifteen votes after canvassing all the constituency. Another candidate only polled thirty votes. Besides it was a severe strain upon the electors when there were eleven candidates to address the meetings. This took all the evening and the best part of the night. The present bill would, he thought, have a good and salutary effect on both candidates and electors. If a man wished to indulge his pride by running as a parliamentary candidate there was no harm in making him pay $100 for the hallucination that he was a popular man in the district. It would have a wholesome effect. He should be disposed to move in committee that the amount of deposit be reduced to $100.

Mr. Ladner thought the present bill was a step backward, but at present we were living in a progressive age. He remembered that in the days he referred to the provincial secretary saw no difficulty in the length of the meetings, inasmuch as he used to arrange to stand at the bottom of the list of speakers.

Hon. Mr. Robson said that of all the sublime pieces of cheek he never heard or saw such an instance of it as this. When eleven candidates were traveling together, after the first or second of the meetings, the majority of them had put their heads together and come to the conclusion that if he (Mr. Robson) had the first part of the meetings he would occupy all the time and get off with the meetings. He was astounded that the member should have dared to express himself as he had done, when he knew that the facts were that the other candidates had come to him and declared that it not fair to let him speak first. They had proposed to let the speaking be done in alphabetical order. He had informed them that this would put him at the bottom of the list, nevertheless he consented to the arrangement when they found that they had actually played into his hands. It showed the audacity of Mr. Ladner to say that the arrangement was at his suggestion.

Col. Baker referred to cases which had occurred of contests being provoked for the fun of the thing.

Hon. Mr. Robson—And in order to get money spent.

Col. Baker thought the adoption of the bill would prevent the expense of election when the electors did not want one.

Mr. Orr said that the premier had accused Mr. Ladner with having a great deal of cheek. He distinctly recollected that the proposition came from the hon. premier to speak last, and he took every advantage of all that the other speakers had uttered, partially on account of which he was elected. He looked upon the present proposal as a sort of Louisiana lottery, the object being to get money out of men who could not get elected. He looked upon the provisions of the bill as most unjust in a young country like this where political lines were not distinctly drawn. He should therefore move that it be read this day six months.

Hon. Mr. Beaven contended that legislation of this kind in this province was retrograde, as it practically established property qualification. If the principle were applied in Canada that did not imply that it was applicable here.

Mr. Cunningham pointed out that it was not always convenient for men who would make good representatives and do honor to themselves to put up $200 in cash. He believed in doing things justly and for the best interests of the largest number. If this province must advance it must have in the House representatives of the agricultural industry, and they had not always the money to put up.

Mr. Orr's motion was put and lost on a division of 15 against, 5 for.

The bill then had its reading and passed committee, Mr. Tolmie in the chair.

THE VOTERS' BILL.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the Voters' bill. This measure, he said, was second only in importance to the Constitution Act which had altered the boundaries of some of the districts. That being the case, it became necessary to make provisions as to who should vote in the districts as divided. Up to the present the city of Vancouver had formed a part of the New Westminster district. Vancouver now had a separate electoral district, whose boundaries were those of the city, but the act did not, so far, state who were competent to vote in that district. It was now provided that those who were shown to be registered in the new district should vote in it, and those outside of it should vote in the district of Westminster. Then East and West Kootenay had been formed into districts; Nanaimo had also a city and district, and who should vote in these divisions respectively had to be specified. The same principle had to be offered to a limited extent with respect to Esquimalt. One of the provisions of the Constitution Act gave representation to every place in the province. It took in the whole north of Vancouver Island and Queen Charlotte Island, and so with the Alberni district. The people of Cowichan Lake, who had not previously had the right to vote, were placed on the list. In apportioning the votes no pains had been spared by himself and the deputy attorney-general to secure a correct and perfect measure. He must confess that he felt nervous, as it was very easy in the most perfectly drawn statute to make its provisions nugatory. There might be mistakes, and therefore section 17 of this bill was as follows:

17. It being the intent and object of this Act to make provision for the proper representation of the several electoral districts, in accordance with the boundaries and provisions of the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," and inasmuch as errors and omissions are liable to creep into the most perfectly drawn statutes—

"It is therefore enacted that if, in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, any defect, error, mistake, or ambiguity shall arise in the construction of this Act, as applying the same to the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," or if any provision shall be omitted, either herein or in the "Provincial Voters' Act," whereby or by means of any such defect, error, mistake, ambiguity, or omission the election of any member to represent any of the various electoral districts may be hindered, avoided, or imperilled, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, from time to time, by one or more rules and regulations, either applicable to the whole province or to any one or more districts, to correct and remove any such defect, error, mistake, or ambiguity by such further or other provision or provisions as he may think proper, or to supply any such omission or defect in such manner as he may deem best calculated to carry out the true intent and meaning of the said 'Constitution Amendment Act, 1890,' and so on, from time to time, to the end and intent that the province, at each and every election to be hereinafter held, shall be well and validly represented in the Legislative Assembly by representatives from the various sections and divisions thereof in manner prescribed by the said 'Constitution Amendment Act, 1890,' and any such rule or regulation so to be made by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council shall be published in at least one issue of the Gazette, and shall have the same force and effect as if passed in this act, or as if this act had been passed as modified or corrected by the provisions of any such rule or regulation; and the provisions of this section shall apply equally, both before, during, and subsequent to elections, and although the error, omission, or defect may be the subject of a pending election petition."

Mr. Orr asked that the bill be not further proceeded with, as it would be unjust to pass it without comparing it with the Constitution Act.

Mr. Ladner spoke in the same sense.

Hon. Mr. Davie explained that persons who are entitled to vote should have the right to change the polling division on which they had been placed on proving application. He would not proceed with the second reading provided that when the government wished to proceed with it they should be allowed to do so.

On motion of Mr. Orr the debate was adjourned.

THE GRAVING DOCK CLAIMS.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved the House into committee on the message of his Honor with respect to the graving dock claims.

Hon. Mr. Beaven observed that this measure authorized the payment of $10,000 to McNamee & Co. The House had the right to reduce the amount to be paid, but could not make payments to parties to others than those recommended. The premier had explained that he desired to have a settlement arranged with John Nicholson and Co., and other British Columbia creditors. If the government got the consent of McNamee and Co. before they paid it would be all very well, but in the absence of this they would be in the same position as the previous government was in the case of Reid and Co., when the bill being drafted in their name they got the money, and the local creditors went without. He could assure them that they would defeat the objects of the legislation, and the wish of the House if the names of McNamee and Co. were inserted. In the bill it should be set forth that the money was to be paid to John Nicholson & Co. and other creditors of McNamee & Co. in British Columbia. In the case of Reid Bros., as soon as the government desired to carry out the settlement a legal firm had put in a claim, and the unfortunate working people and others, whose cases had been contemplated, had been made to suffer, and the same difficulty under present circumstances would occur again. The House could not be expected to apply the money in any other way than that provided by the message. It might, however, reduce the amount granted. He would therefore move in amendment to the motion that the message of his honor the lieut.-governor be referred back with the respectful request that he will provide that the sum named be paid to John Nicholson and other creditors of F. B. McNamee & Co. in British Columbia, who had assisted with money, labor and supplies. The money should not be paid to F. B. McNamee & Co., who had already been paid by the Dominion government. He thought he could show that they had never had a really just claim; it had been more a matter of concession than anything else. The House desired to do justice to the innocent creditors here who had been the victims of circumstances.

Hon. Mr. Davie said that he well remembered the case of Reid Bros. and their creditors, when Mr. Dawson had taken a voucher for from $5,000 to $6,000 certified by the lands and works department to the minister of finance, then the present leader of the opposition, who, instead of placing the money in the hands of Mr. Dawson, never paid him, and the voucher was never afterwards seen.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The vouchers were returned to Hon. Mr. Walkem.

Hon. Mr. Davie—Mr. Dawson neither got his vouchers nor his money.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—According to Mr. Young's affidavit, of which he had the record, Mr. Dawson presented to the finance department his voucher for $5,000. Mr. Beaven was not then in room, but came in shortly after. He handed the voucher to Mr. Beaven who remarked that he would take it over to the lands and works department. On his return he said he had given it to Mr. Walkem, and Mr. Dawson had better go over and see him. The voucher referred to, continued Mr. Beaven, was only a piece of paper of no value, and no money was ever paid on it.

Hon. Mr. Davie—Was it not certified to by the Chief Commissioner.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—It was not, properly speaking. The Attorney-General says it was left in my hands and never seen after. Those words are untrue and he knows it as sure as he is sitting in his seat.

Hon. Mr. Davie—Mr. Dawson presented the voucher in order to get paid. It was signed by the chief commissioner. So far as concerned the unpaid laborers it was never seen after it went into his hands, and he was surprised that the leader of the opposition should have cast the blame of its disappearance upon the shoulders of his late colleagues.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Mr. Walkem said in his evidence that he had received it.

Hon. Mr. Davie—That document according to the report of the majority of the committee, and indeed by the minority, was never seen again. It was for $5,091, and was certified by Mr. Walkem, chief commissioner of lands and works, and was also stamped. It was a voucher in every sense, and according to the report was supposed to have been burned. If the document were worth nothing, why take it and destroy it? Indeed, the matter became so serious that suit was instituted for its recovery.

Hon. Mr. Beaven — The case was laughed out of court it was deemed so ridiculous.

Hon. Mr. Davie continued that in any event the last time the voucher was seen by its owner it was in the hands of the treasury department, and was handed to the present leader of the opposition.

Hon. Mr. Beaven — There was no blame attached to the then government.

Hon. Mr. Davie—It is all very well to say that there was no blame when it was abstracted and subsequently burned. It was not creditable for the leader of the opposition to shoulder his share of the blame on one of his colleagues who was not here to answer for himself. Everyone remembered the circumstances; they also recollected something more, viz: that, notwithstanding the disappearance of the voucher which was for payment of the creditors and laborers, in place of seeing the laborers paid the hon. leader of the opposition, without consulting the laborers, shipped the money to England. That was why a committee had sat, this session on the claims of one Dexter. The hon. leader of the opposition had better let these matters alone. This was one of the subjects before the people when in 1882 they retired him and his colleagues by a vote of two to one to the opposition benches, although the hon. gentleman held office for seven months in an unauthorized manner. Mr. Semlin, one of his present followers, had moved to turn him out. Mr. Davie continued that when McNamee & Co. (Messrs. McNamee, Nish & Wright) came here they took in Messrs. Nicholson, Huntington and Robertson by a special deed of partnership. F. B. McNamee & Co. were the only parties recognized by the Government. The late attorney-general had refused them a petition of right. It was necessary to have a settlement not alone from John Nicholson and others, but from McNamee & Co. The present trouble had not been caused by this government. It was a legacy from Mr. Beaven. The settlement must be not alone John Nicholson and the other creditors, but with F. B. McNamee & Co. some people held that the money had been justly forfeited; while others took a different view. So far as he could see the chief commissioner of lands and works of his own free will had no right to forfeit the deposit. Some tribunal ought to have been called in. The forfeiture had been irregular.

Hon. Mr. Beaven contended that the forfeiture had been effected by the present government, as in the miscellaneous receipts in the Public Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1884, was included the sum forfeited by F. B. McNamee & Co.

Hon. Mr. Davie—The forfeiture had been previously made, but the entry was only made when the supply came in.

Mr. Duck declared that McNamee & Co. would never consent to a settlement of the kind proposed. No relief from liability could be given by Mr. Nicholson in this way. For his own part he would state that the money deposited was that of McNamee & Co., and their consent must be got to this arrangement. The money was deposited by McNamee & Co., but it was Nicholson & Co, who, in this province, had put in the money. For his own part he should prefer to see the issue of a petition of right.

Hon. Mr. Robson said what was wanted was to meet the claims of certain local creditors. If the hon. leader of the opposition would withdraw his amendment the government would consult and see if a satisfactory arrangement could be come to.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Let the leader of the government move the adjournment of the debate. He would not withdraw his amendment.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved the adjournment of the debate.

The motion carried.

THE MINERALS' BILL.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the adoption of the report on the Mineral bill with following amendments:

"That clause 1 be amended as follows:

"1. By striking out of the 6th and 7th lines of the said clause the words 'together with his application,' and substituting therefor the words 'at the time hereinafter specified and before the issue of the Crown grant.'

"2. By striking out the words 'under the provisions of section 88 of this act,' at the end of the said clause.

"3. That the three following subclauses be added to clause 1:—

"(a.) Where the application is made after the passage of this act, the said deposit shall be made at the time the claim is recorded, and in such case the payment of the said sum shall be regarded as the expenditure required, by the 85th section of this act, to be made upon the claim itself within the first six months from the recording of the said claim.

"(b.) Where the application has been made before the passage of this act, the said deposit shall be made within ten months from the passage of this act.

"(c.) Where the applicant desires to acquire the claim under the provisions of section 88 of this act, the said sum of $165 shall, when paid, be allowed to him in the accounting for the purchase money.

"2nd. That clause 3 of the said bill be struck out."

COMPANIES BILL.

The House went into committee on the Companies Bill, Mr. Martin in the chair.

In the course of the discussion in committee,

Hon. Mr. Davie complained of a combination among the newspapers. Recently when application had been made for the insertion of an advertisement worth from $5 to $10. One had asked from $20.50, while another had demanded only a trifle less. This showed that they had arranged to put up prices. The advertisement which was a legal one, had been put into the Gazette. Were the newspapers to combine like this he was not quite sure if it would not be found that it was not necessary to advertise in the newspapers at all. They would discover that combinations would not pay as the public would protect themselves.

After sitting for some time,

Hon. Mr. Davie moved that the committe rise and report progress, and ask leave to sit again.

On the House resuming,

Hon. Mr. Robson said he hoped the leader of the opposition would see that the member for Cassiar was here in his place this evening to move his motion of want of confidence. It was, under the circumstances, most improper and inconvenient for the member to delay proceeding with this measure, which ought to take precedence of other business.

Mr. Beaven said he could not be here to-night.

Mr. Orr asked that the House be adjourned till to-morrow at 2 p. m., to which the Government would not assent.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Cunningham rose to a question of privilege, and complained that the Speaker had left the chair before six o'clock, thus preventing him from asking the Government to dispense with the evening's session. He would now give his reasons for wishing to make that application which he would now repeat: First, judging from the character of last session, it was not calculated to elevate the character of the House. There were one or two other reasons. He now protested against the Speaker leaving the chair five minutes before the appointed hour.

The Speaker said it was three minutes to six when he left the chair. He had vacated it at five minutes to six, but had returned to enable Mr. Orr to make his application. It had been the tacit understanding between the leader of the government and the leader of the opposition to call five minutes to six, 6 o'clock. He had no idea that the member for New Westminster was going to speak.

Mr. Orr said that one of the members for Victoria (Mr. Duck) was on his feet wishing to make the same request as he had done. Mr. Grant and others were unable to be present.

Mr. Ladner stated that he also intended to ask the indulgence of the government, but was afraid of being shut off.

Mr. Speaker said according to constitutional practice a question of privilege was always in order, and could be raised at any period of a session.

Hon. Mr. Robson said he could not for his life see why such a trouble should arise about night sessions. Two weeks ago the House had decided to have night sessions to oblige members who wished to get away. He could not understand all this hubbub. The government intended to hold night sessions until they got through the work. The member for Cassiar was seldom present, and he did not propose to alter the proceedings to oblige him.

Mr. Duck—I did rise about the time Mr. Speaker was leaving, to ask that the House might adjourn until to-morrow on account of knowing that the leader of the opposition was sick, but as Mr. Speaker had left the chair he did not present his views.

Hon. Mr. Davie remarked that no request had been made by the leader of the opposition for an adjournment, but he had said he could not be here this evening.

The Speaker said if the House was going to adjourn from day to day in the manner proposed he should resign. His business was suffering; yet, when an honest effort was made to do business it was resented.

Mr. Ladner—Why did not the House sit one particular night last week?

The Speaker—There was a meeting to make arrangements for the Duke of Connaught.

Mr. Ladner—Did not the House adjourn for a drink?

Hon. Mr. Davie called the member to order, and moved the House into committee on the Constitutional Act Amendment Bill.

Mr. Orr contended that the Voters' Bill and the Constitutional Act Amendment Bill should have come up together. It was a piece of injustice to push through this bill. He was convinced that the people who were most interested were utterly opposed to it.

The Speaker declared the motion carried.

Before the Speaker left the chair Mr. Semlin asked why could not the Constitutional Bill be left over and something else be gone on with in the absence of the leader of the opposition and the member for Cassiar.

Hon. Mr. Robson remarked that he could understand why the member for New Westminster was anxious for delay. The third reading of the bill would be held over so that the deputation which was coming might be heard. The government proposed to run its business its own way. It would run its own affairs and would not submit to dictation. They proposed to go on with their measures. Would pass the bill and then, as he had said, hold it over for the expected deputation from the Mainland.

Mr. Orr again urged that the two bills be brought up together, and that there should be time to compare them.

Hon. Mr. Robson said he saw no special reason for the delay.

Messrs. Orr and Semlin said that they desired to see the maps.

Hon. Mr. Robson said they were ready.

Mr. Cunningham contended that another member should be given to New Westminster.

Mr. Pooley held that as such a proposition involved increased expenditure it could not be carried out without a message from the Lieut.-Governor.

In answer to Mr. Cunningham,

Hon. Mr. Davie said that the limits of Vancouver town included the corporation limits.

Mr. Semlin having announced that Hon. Mr. Robson had promised another member to Yale, which he had not carried out,

Mr. Robson denied most emphatically that he had ever done so, he not being at that time the head of the government and therefore not competent to do so.

Mr. Martin said it was Mr. Smyth, the then premier, who had made that promise.

After comments by members as their respective districts were referred to in the bill

Mr. Semlin declared that the proposal to create the island district was an attempt to give Cowichan three members.

Mr. Croft explained the resources of the section, where it was expected that two mills alone would add 400 or 500 more voters, to say nothing of the great district that would be opened up by logging camps.

Mr. Semlin interposed that logging men did not add much to the voting strength, and were a dangerous element. He added that the creation of this constituency had been solely to keep up the balance of power.

Mr. Croft said it was evident that the gentleman did not know anything about the islands which it was not sought to compare at present with some other districts.

Mr. Cunningham continued to draw contrasts with New Westminster.

Mr. Croft said it was apparent that New Westminster was the hub of the universe and was the top of this discussion.

Mr. Cunningham complained of the endeavor to give the islands undue importance, saying that the endeavor should be to place members where they would do most good to the centres of population.

*Continued on Sixth Page.*

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| 1 Lot | 131 Bl. P, Victoria West | 550 |
| House and Lots | next Martin's, Victoria West | 2,750 |
| House and 7 Lots, | near Fernwood Road (special terms on this) | |
| House and Lot | Chatham Street, " " | |
| Corner Lot | Chatham and Blanchard Sts.—the best unoccupied corner on the avenue | |
| Land fronting Cowichan Lake, per acre | | 15 |
| 2 Acres near the Gorge | | 2,100 |

73 Lots opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Farms, Residences in the Country, Timber, Coal and Sheep Lands.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

# 100 Blocks of Half an Acre Each

Within 10 minutes of the Post Office by Cars and road.

Plans in course of preparation.

WILL BE OFEERED DURING THE NEXT 14 DAYS.

SUITABLE for RESIDENCES, GARDENS or ORCHARDS.

Prices extremely moderate, and little more than asked for single lots in the vicinity. Terms easy.

This is the best value yet offered and leaves room for speculative rise.

## RENTS AND INTEREST.

Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

## CONVEYANCING

in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

# MONEY

To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

Long list of city lots, suburban acres and country property and farms on sale.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at

Office, Cor. Government and Broughton Streets,

VICTORIA.

MUNICIPAL.

## A BY-LAW

To authorize the sale of lands within the City of Victoria, upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT THAT all lands or parcels of lands within the City of Victoria upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years shall be sold and the proce ds applied n the reduction of such taxes;

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:—

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed, whensoever taxes on any land have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list in duplicate of all the lands liable under the provisions of this By-law to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the same; and the Mayor shall authenticate such lists by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the clerk of the Corporation and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land for the arrears due thereon, with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands for taxes to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land; nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands to be sold and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this By-law to be paid to him, and shall cause such list to be published in some daily paper in the City of Victoria for a period of three months preceding such intended sale.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands for the taxes on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least three months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the post office to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due and that the property is to be sold for arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown a notice to the same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold; and also, at least three months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public places, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the ninetieth day after the publication of such list exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said ninetieth day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day, at the Council Chambers in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first; and in offering such lands for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day to be publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in one of the local papers in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands for any sum he can realize, and shall accept such sum as full payment for such arrears of taxes.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay to the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale, the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds of such sale to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector, after selling any land for taxes, shall give a certificate under his hand to the purchaser, stating distinctly what part or portion, as the case may be, of the land, and what interest therein have been sold, or stating that the whole lot, section or estate has been so sold, and describing the same, and also stating the quantity of land, the sum for which it has been sold and the expenses of sale, and further stating that a deed conveying the same to the purchaser or his assigns according to the nature of the estate or interest sold, will be executed by him, and the Mayor, on his or their demand at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the certificate, if the land be not previously redeemed.

13. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

14. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of March, A. D. 1890.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council, this 16th day of April, A. D. 1890.

[L.S.] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. ap19

S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

GEO. A. SARGISON, NOTARY PUBLIC, Accountant & Agent, 48 LANGLEY ST. ap27

LIP KEE, TAILOR And Employment Office, No. 6 Cormorant St., Victoria, B. C. ap6-1mo

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 11a. m.

City of Puebla," - April 24.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents. mar26

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th 1889, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows, CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

NOTICE.

British Barque EARL DERBY

NEITHER CAPT. J. STEPHENSON nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Consignees, Br. Barque "Earl Derby." ap13

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

THE BR. BARQUE EARL DERBY, Capt. Stephenson, From London,

Will commence discharging cargo to-morrow morning at the inner harbor at 8 o'clock. Consignees of cargo are requested to present bills of lading, duly endorsed, and pay freight, and receive delivery orders for the goods.

All goods left on the wharf after 5 p. m. each day will be at the risk and expense of consignees thereof, and liable to be warehoused for their account.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Consignees of Vessel. ap18-1w

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Time Table No. 12, takes effect January 1, 1890.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock

Fraser River Route:
Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

MEDICAL.

Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood, CURES Constipation, Biliousness all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

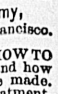
WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. MRS. HOPPERON.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful medicine of 30 years test, cured thousands of cases of Nervous prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness, and all diseases caused by ignorance when young.

Six boxes will cure when all other medicines fail. Guaranteed. One box, $1; 6 boxes, $5, by mail.



BEFORE. EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., AFTER. DETROIT, MICH. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. nov9

DR. JORDAN'S Museum of Anatomy, 751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. Send for Book. Private office, 211 Geary street.

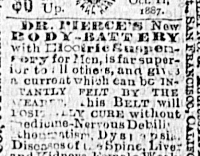
FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR GENERAL AND NERVOUS DEBILITY; WEAKNESS of BODY and MIND; and ALL TROUBLES Arising from Early Indiscretions. Robust HEALTH fully Restored. Absolutely Unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N Y. my14-eod&w-1yr

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn. nov9-d&w

LIFE RENEWER!





DR. PIERCE'S New BODY-BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine—Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address: [illegible]

mar15-eod-dw-1yr

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from Sound. A Peabody, G P Rummelin, H Marriott and wife, A Green, J E Mullender, H V Burnes, J Thompson and wife, R E Jenkins and wife, Miss Jackson, G B Sacket and wife, A Kesple, R T Englebrecht, Miss Young, I H Adams and wife, T Marshall, A C Braskaw, H Dodge, Mrs Jackson, H H Chamberlin, C S Jackson, O C Taylor, F Gowdy, Miss Shannon, A M Holton and wife, A Ellis, J Conduman, J Smith, Miss Smith, B H Garland, A J McMillon, J F Babcock, G Hiller, F Donnelly, A J Steel and wife, H Ellis.

Per steamer LOUISE from Westminster—Mr and Mrs McWilliams, Mr and Mrs Harman, Mrs McGregor, Miss H Cook, J Fisher, J B Kennedy, Hopkins, N Thurston, J McWilliams, P Stopper, D Harman, T J Lee, W Harman, M Harman, J H Harman, T A Harman, W A Harman, S Barnett, G Barnett, J A Clark.

Per Steamer LOUISE, from Westminster: J Cook, W H Steins, Walker and boy, W McDonald, A J Dillon, C W Dunne, Geo Barret, J A Claret.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str LOUISE from New Westminster—Jas Brice, Geo McMorrn, Tai Yuen, Dom. Ex Co, Mrs Shotbolt, Brown Bros, S Leise, McLaughlin, R P Rithet, Brackman & Ker, A Lewis, G Tollock, Mrs Collinson.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON f'm the Sound: Turner Beeton & Co, C C Taylor, F Campion, W Morrison, P Johnson & Co, T W Clark, M Peebles, Wintermute Bros, W Jackson & Bros, E B Marvin & Co, McL & McFeeley, A Lewis, J Sehl, R Pay, C Loang, Times Pub Co, G H Maynard, Vaio & Brooks, J S Bosoowitz, P McQuade & Son.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by April 25th, N. POINER, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad. *

NEW BOOKS.

The Council of Ten, by Cobb.
Patience Pettigrew's Perplexities.
The Girl of the People.
Was ever Woman in this Humor Wooed, by Gibbon.
Thou Shalt Not.
His Private Character.
For sale by T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

Dr. Child's Pile Ointment quickly relieves and cures. $1 of druggists. Wholesale agents, Langley & Co., Victoria. mr30-3m

Chronic Coughs and Colds

And all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion, as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. See what W. S. Muer, M.D., L. R. C. P., etc., Truro, N. S., says: "After three years' experience I consider Scott's Emulsion one of the very best in the market. Very excellent in Throat affections." Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

Enquire for Fernwood lots near the tramway line, adjoining Col. Dupont's residence.

Humboldt's Scientific Library, cloth and paper editions, at T. N. HIBBEN & Co.'s.

The New Game—The Spider and The Fly, at T. N. HIBBEN & Co.'s.

Buy Fernwood lots now before the rise in prices. Easy terms. Enquire of agents.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or E. C. Kellogg's cor. Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. ap26-1y

Coming Events.

Coming consumption is foreshadowed by a hacking cough, night sweats, pain in the chest, etc. Arrest its progress at once by taking Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, which never fails to cure coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness, etc., and even in confirmed consumption affords grateful relief.

## LITTLE LOCALS.

Self-wringing mop sticks at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

Stationery at Daley's, 91 Douglas st.

Lawn mowers and tools at Cheapside.

Ladies ear whistles are the latest fads in jewelry novelties.

Campbell & Simpkins are having a handsome plate glass front placed in their premises.

Self-polishing stove polish—10 cents per box—at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

Shelf hardware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

A reception to the young men in the dry goods and gents' furnishing lines will be given in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening.

White granite ware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

For lawn tennis, cricket and base ball goods, go to H. Shorts, 32 Fort street.

A branch lodge of the Sons of England Benefit Society is to be established in this city.

The New Cotton Pongees, plain colors only, at the City House.

Electro plated ware at R A Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

After the presentation of Erminie next Monday and Tuesday evenings, it is expected that the amateurs will visit Nanaimo and Vancouver.

An investigation is to be held into the cause of the recent collision between the City of Kingston and the Geo. E. Starr.

The New "Indoo" Muslin for Ball and Evening Dresses—White only—at the City House.

For Sheffield razors, pocket knives, scissors table cutlery, etc., go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street.

The union carpenters of Portland, Ogn., are on strike. In the meantime non-union men are getting all the work they can do, and are paid $4 a day.

Fifty Chinamen with their luggage left by the Islander this morning for Sicamous to start work on the S. & O. Railway. They took up a lot of provisions with them.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of interior wall decorations, at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street.

Baby carriages, first arrived, just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort st.

On Saturday afternoon a collision occurred on the Columbia and Puget Sound railroad near Seattle, two engines and eight cars being badly damaged.

Take your misfitting suits to the "Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment," there they can be made to fit you at a small cost. Jno. T. Pierre, prop., 96 Yates street.

One of the series of concerts under the auspices of the Church of England Temperance Society was given in the Cathedral school-room last evening. Everything passed off pleasantly.

Holders of fire alarm keys should remember that having once inserted a key in the lock it cannot be removed. Several experimenters anxious to explain the working of the system caused considerable trouble to the department yesterday.

If you are intending going East, make a note of the C. P. R. excursions and specially fitted colonist sleepers. First-class travel at second-class rates. Robt. Irving, agent. tf

The finest line of perfumes, toilet sets and fancy soaps, etc., is to be had at John Teague, jr.'s drug store, Poodle Dog block, Yates street. Prescriptions carefully compounded at any hour of the day or night. Telephone call 469.

A very dangerous hole presents itself on the vacant lot next the Occidental Hotel on Wharf street. It is evidently an old well, and any one might easily fall in as it is close to the edge of the sidewalk and covered with chips. A ten foot pole pushed in failed to reach the bottom.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. my31-eod-w

## LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Sun Shades

And Parasols at half price. Jerseys and Jersey Jackets very cheap.

Four thousand yards of Printed Muslins at 10c. per yard.

Russell, McDonald and Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

"A Word to the Wise."

Before purchasing a dollar's worth of spring clothing call and examine the exceptionally fine stock now being opened at the Golden Rule Clothing Store, 40 Yates street. * tf

Contracts Awarded.

At a meeting of the Jubilee Hospital building committee, held yesterday afternoon, the tender of Mr. R. Lettice for the painting and that of Mr. R. B. McMicking for the electric bells was accepted. The contracts for lighting and fencing have not yet been awarded.

For the Soldiers.

Capt. D. McIntosh is busy building a boat for the canteen mess of "C" battery, to be used in conveying the men to and from the new barracks, when they are completed. The new boat is 24 feet long by 5 feet beam and will be fitted for both sailing and rowing.

All Hands Busy.

Mr. Thos. Shaw, foreman of the boiler shops of the Albion Iron Works, yesterday remarked that it was wonderful the way work is keeping up in the different departments of the establishment. As soon as one job is out of hand another comes in to take its place, keeping all hands busy.

Ventura Asphalt.

The Pacific Asphalt company of this city has received the result of an analysis of its asphalt by Professor H. G. Hants of San Francisco, as follows:—Fixed bitumen, 24.40; ash, 75.60; total 100. An analysis of the ash shows: Silica, 62.2; lime, 7.31; estimated also as carbonate, 12.0; oxide of iron and alumina, 21.0; other ingredients, 4.8; total 100.

The Steam Laundry.

Messrs. Roland & Smith, the promoters of the steam laundry to be started in Nesbitt & Dickson's bakery building on Fort street, have ordered their machinery from Chicago, and intend starting in about a month. The building has been leased for five years, and Mr. Roland leaves for the Sound and Portland this morning to visit the different establishments in those cities.

Of Interest to Medicos.

The election of members of the medical council of British Columbia will be held on the last Monday of the present month, the 28th inst.; and the examination of candidates for admission to practice in the province will commence on the first Tuesday in May. There are already quite a number of applications in hand, a Toronto lady doctor being among the number.

Runs Splendidly.

The new steamer Constance, built by Spratt & Gray for A. Ewen, of Westminster, went for a trip around Race rocks and Esquimalt harbor yesterday afternoon, with the makers, employees, and several invited guests on board. Capt. A. Roster was in charge and the little craft ran splendidly, making about 11 knots per hour. She will go up to Westminster shortly to be put in service.

Coming Events.

The ladies of St. John's church are making preparations for a first-class concert to be given in the school room on the evening of May 8th, the proceeds being devoted to general church funds. Already a number of especially fine musical numbers are in rehearsal, and the programme will consist of a variety of the best solos, trios, instrumental novelties and recitations.

In June next the ladies of the Roman Catholic church will hold their annual bazaar for which fancy and plain work has already been produced by the deft fingers of the ladies.

A Voice from the Grave.

Donald Fraser, more commonly known as "Little Cap," who was reported dead in a telegram received here a few days ago, denies the truth of the statement in the following letter received from Sicamous yesterday:

SICAMOUS, April 19th.

DEAR COLONIST:—I think there must be some mistake about my death. I am not dead yet to any noticeable extent, and hope we will meet soon again. This is a fine place, and we are all of us well. If the death story was a joke it ought to have been labelled. It don't go worth a cent.

Yours truly,
DONALD FRASER.

Police Notes.

A. Nelson, charged with attempting to help himself to the cash in the bar till at the Vancouver House, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment in the Speedy Trials court yesterday.

Two unfortunate victims of the bar room were the only culprits in the city police court yesterday.

The Beacon Hill Park racers are to receive the attention of the police in the near future.

On Sunday night a fine horse was mysteriously "borrowed" from a private stable in the city, ridden or driven almost to death and then returned in such a condition that it may not recover. The police are looking for the perpetrators of the trick.

A Fugitive From Justice.

A warrant for the arrest of an individual who took a prominent hand in the Skeena river troubles of a few years ago has been issued, the charge being one of aggravated assault. The alleged assault was committed near Inverness a couple of weeks ago, when the accused attacked Mr. Dempster, the canner, with a hunting knife. Help arrived before harm was done, and the holder of the knife was knocked down with a crow bar. He then ran for his rifle, and when returning with it, bent on mischief, he was captured and disarmed by Capt. McCulloch, of the Louise, and Mr. R. Cunningham, jr. Since the warrant has been issued, the man wanted has taken to the woods, and it is probable that he will dodge arrest for some time.

New Pleasure Yacht.

The pleasure yacht Rita, built in New York, for Mr. G. A. McTavish, arrived over from Vancouver yesterday morning, having made the trip in ten hours. She came out from the east on a C.P.R. flat car. The Rita is a finely finished boat, being "Carver" made, and is 32 feet long by 8 feet 3 inches beam, and 3 foot keel. She is supplied with a neat little Naptha engine equal to a speed of seven knots, which can be increased to 12 with the help of her sails. The cabin is roomy, finished in cherry, and elegantly fitted with plush cushions, and every arrangement to make her a model of convenience and comfort. She is capable of carrying supplies for 400 miles, and no doubt her owner will spend many pleasant hours on his trim little yacht. She is also supplied with folding anchors, and everything of the most modern make.

The French Hospital.

An extraordinary meeting of the members of the French Hospital was held on Friday evening, when a committee, consisting of the officers, was elected to wait upon the committee of the Jubilee Hospital and ask them on what terms they would take over the property of the French hospital or amalgamate. It was also decided that if suitable terms could not be made with the Jubilee hospital, that the French hospital society should rebuild. The report of the committee will be presented to the members at a meeting to be called in June, or soon after the directors of the Jubilee hospital are appointed. The general opinion is that the amalgamation scheme will be carried out and it would be quite a help to the Jubilee Hospital, as the property is worth fully from $10,000 to $12,000.

In St. Andrew's Church.

Rev. P. McF. Macleod preached upon Edward Bellamy's "Looking Backward," from the pulpit of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday evening. During the evening service Mrs. W. W. Clarke also sang a solo which delighted the large audience who listened to it."

Port Crescent.

Work has been begun on the wharf and hotel at Port Crescent and the contract for a roadway from the wharf to the leading street of the new town has been let, the price being about $20,000. In another month it is expected that several hundred men will be employed on the various works of the Improvement company.

The Best of the Season.

Last evening the sealing schooner Mollie Adams, Capt. McKiel, returned from the coast with a catch of 384 skins, the best this spring. The Viva was the last sister schooner spoken, with 180 odd; the other schooners seen b fore having since been reported. After discharging his catch, Capt. McKiel will refit at once for Behring's sea.

St. George's Society Banquet.

To-morrow evening the Englishman in Victoria will be festivous. It is the occasion of the St. George's society banquet, and wherever there happens to be a society bearing this name there are always to be found Englishmen. The present event, however, promises to be of unusual brilliancy, as especial care is being bestowed on the preparations.

From the North.

Steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived from the north on Sunday with few passengers and a cargo of box wood. She encountered a snow storm shortly after leaving Nanaimo which lasted for two or three days and the weather was so rough at the Naas that she was unable to land a lot of lumber that she took on at Alert Bay for that place and consequently, brought it down here. She goes up again on Wednesday.

He Made a Mistake.

The trustee board of the First Presbyterian church held a special meeting in the school room, Blanchard street, last evening, to consider a letter received from the successful tenderer for the additions and improvements to the building. Mr. McFadden, the contractor, stated that he had made a mistake in calculating the cost of the seating, and asked permission to withdraw his bid. He was allowed so to do, and the contract will go to the next lowest tenderer, whose figures are $900 higher than McFadden's.

## SIR KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Meeting for the Organization of a Grand Lodge—Other Business.

At 8:30 o'clock this morning a preliminary meeting of the delegates from Nanaimo, Wellington, Vancouver and Westminster, with those from Far West Lodge of this city, will be held in the hall of the last named lodge.

Two hours later a second general meeting will be held, at which the organization of the Grand Lodge of British Columbia will be proceeded with, Deputy Supreme Chancellor Behnsen, of this city, presiding. Each of the lodges of the province, five in number, will be represented by two voting delegates; while each has also sent two Past Chancellors over to receive their rank.

The election of Grand Lodge officers will be disposed of this morning and afterward the preparation of a constitution, and rules to govern the subordinate lodges will be disposed of.

There are now five lodges of the K. of P. in British Columbia, of which Far West Lodge is the pioneer, numbering over five hundred members.

On the organization of the Grand Lodge, British Columbia will be entitled to representation in the Supreme Lodge. The session opening to-day will probably last until Thursday afternoon, when a grand drill by the uniform rank will bring the proceedings to a close.

## FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Items of Interest to Marine Men Picked Up Along the Water Front.

Schooner City of San Diego, Capt. Brew, of San Francisco, arrived in the harbor on Sunday with 18 seal and three otter skins. She has had the same experience as to weather as the other schooners, and after taking on supplies will go north.

Steamer Princess Louise went to Westminster in place of the Yosemite Sunday, it having been found necessary to repair the latter boat's boilers.

Steamer Edith, which came from Seattle to be repaired, will go on the Star ways about the end of the week.

Spratt's wharf is full of pipes, awaiting shipment to Vancouver for the Capilano water works.

Schooner Sapphire is taking on supplies for herself and the other schooners and will leave this morning for the north.

Steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived down from the north yesterday with a few passengers and a cargo of box wood. She brought no late news.

Steamer Skidegate will to-day take a lumber scow over to Burrard Inlet.

Steamer George W. Elder will call on her way to Alaska to-morrow.

## PERSONAL.

L. Levy of Port Angeles came over last evening.

Collector Milne will start for home to-day from Toronto.

Capt. John Irving is expected down on to-night's steamer.

Ald. Holland went over to Tacoma this morning.

Geo. Riley was a passenger for the mainland this morning.

E. A. Sandeman, of Montreal, is in town. He is at the Driard

Mrs. F. S. Barnard returned from Ottawa on Sunday evening.

H. F. Jackson, wife and daughter, of Seattle, are over on a visit.

H. V. Burner, wife and family went over to Port Angeles this morning.

Capt. A. W. Jones is back from an extended visit to the old country.

Joseph Loewen was reported very low at an early hour this morning.

R. G. Cunningham was a passenger by the Islander for Vancouver this morning.

W. Marriott and wife were passengers over by the Kingston last evening.

I. Van Volkenburgh went over to Vanancouver this morning.

H. K. Prior, who has been seriously ill for three weeks, was able to be out yesterday.

Dr. Callahan of "C" Battery has gone to Kootenay for the purpose of assisting at an inquest.

Dr. Jackson was lying in a critical condition last evening, from the effects of Saturday's accident.

W. Adams and wife, A. M. Holter and wife, and C. J. Steel and wife of Helena, Mont., are in the city on a visit.

Miss Kalmberg leaves this evening for New York, via the Northern Pacific, where she will meet her brother from Germany.

George G. Gould, late of the Southern Pacific Railway, San Francisco, is at present in the city. He is on a tour of the Canadian Northwest previous to settling down as a banker in his native city, 'Frisco. Victoria has caused such a very favorable impression on him that he has curtailed his stay in other places to prolong his visit here, which he considers one of the most charming spots he has yet seen.

## HER MAJESTY'S BIRTHDAY

Arrangements Made by the Celebration Committee.

The Various Committees Struck and Placed in Working Order—Several Offers Received.

A fairly good sized gathering of the celebration committee met in the city hall last evening, Mayor Grant in the chair.

At the outset his worship read the telegram from his grace, which has already appeared in THE COLONIST. The captain of the ship conveying the royal party had received instructions to proceed with all possible expedition, and it was therefore probable that the visitors would arrive about the 21st, probably the 22nd; his worship would therefore suggest that a celebration be arranged for the 23rd. He had also received an enquiry from the management of the Canadian Pacific Railway asking whether the people of Victoria were prepared to go out to meet the royal party. Mr. Fullerton also notified the mayor that the Abyssinia had received instructions to anchor in the Royal Roads to await the lighter.

The James Bay Athletic association sent in a notification of their willingness to participate in the celebration. The following sports are mentioned: A baseball match between their team and one from the mainland, for which $100 is required.

As the association is very strong, they ask for part in half the boating competitions, for medals or badges, as the members are not qualified to row for money.

Laid on the table for consideration.

Munro Miller—offering to get up, at his own expense, an advertising sheet containing a programme of the events, and circulate it extensively and gratuitously. Accepted.

Duncan Campbell—on behalf of the Victoria Jockey Club, offering to hold its semi-annual meeting on Friday and Saturday, 23rd and 24th, and giving a programme of events on both days. It was mentioned that the V.J.C. purposed making this an annual event. The club providing the requisite funds for the event, did not ask any money from the committee.

Mr. Hayward proposed that the V. J. C. hold their annual sports in the Driving Park in conjunction with the other sports, sharing the gate receipts and so in some measure making the thing self-supporting.

Mr. Redfern thought that to be popular the Driving Park was too far out of town to make the sports really popular.

It having been pointed out that it was desirable to make out some programme, Mr. Geo. Powell said that they could not have a better one than that of last year, so ably engineered by their worthy mayor, and it might as well be put in force for this occasion.

Mr. Redfern proposed a regatta in the afternoon after having conducted His Highness to Government House on his arrival.

Mr. McCandless, however, thought it desirable to arrange a programme for the Queen's birthday regardless of the Duke's arrival. It was impossible to tell exactly when he would arrive; if he came on the days of celebration, well and good; if he be delayed something else could be gotten up for him. He made a motion accordingly.

Mr. Booth suggested the appointment of committees for collecting, let them work for a week, meet—and thus place the committee in a position to discuss matters intelligently.

Mr. J. W. Taylor pointed out that it would be impossible to get men to go round canvassing and meet with any degree of success for a purpose the object of which they were unaware, and the appropriation of which they nothing about. It was necessary to advertise this celebration in order to attract outside people whose presence was the chief element of success in any undertaking of this nature.

Mr. McCandless' suggestion met with favor, and Mr. Redfern having offered to make his motion read definitely to commence the celebration on the 23rd, it was moved that there be three days' sports.

An amendment for two days' was made, to which another proposition for three days was received from Mr. Hayward, who remarked that the arrangements of the V. J. C. would enable the people to witness three days of the best sport. Already some of the best horses were coming from Oregon and California.

The motion for three days was carried.

Mr. Geo. Powell and Mr. Redfern objected on the score of interference with the working man.

The meeting lost itself in confusion here for some time on a point of order, the upshot of which was an intimation from Mr. Booth that he was of opinion that the duke would arrive before they came to a decision. This little discussion cost the loss of just an hour.

Chief Engineer Deasy proposed that the members of the city press be members of the general committee. Mr. Beaumont Boggs seconded the motion. Carried.

A number of fresh names were added to the general committee. Among them were B. E. and T. E. Bowell, S. D. Shade, C. F. Gardner, D. F. Fee, S Lowe, W. H. Clarke, L. McQuade, R. Liddle, and others.

In reply to a query from Mr. Redfern as to how much the city would contribute this year, the Mayor refused to compromise himself.

Mr. Hayward moved, seconded by Mr. Wm. Dalby, that the programme for three day's sports shall consist as follows: Regatta, baseball and lacrosse matches, bicycle parade, athletic sports, street parade, illuminations and fireworks, and that a special committee be appointed to collect money for this purpose.

Mr. Whyte moved that a ball be added to the celebrations, but some demur was made on the ground that as a fee would be charged for admission this would not be a public celebration.

A general athletic committee was nominated to confer with the executives of the various organizations. It comprises: Col. Holmes, Col. Prior, Messrs. Morrow, Braden, Scott, Whittaker, T. H. Baker, G. Wolfenden, H. B. Young, Dr. West, Gwynne, Connolly, Dr. Milne, Jno. Milligan, W. H. Cullin, Wm. Ward, D. M. Eberts, Wm. J. Taylor, Jos. Wilson, and others, with power to add to their number.

A general regatta committee was appointed, composed of Messrs. Broderick, Seeley, T. E. Jones, B. Boggs, A. Redfern, H. B. Young, H. E. Croasdaile, Capt. Arthur Jones, Robert McIntosh, F. Wolfenden, W. Pinder, Capt. Hulton, R. N., and the officers of the navy, J. H. Innes, W. Whyte, Dr. Jones, R. P. Rithet, Jno. Braden, Capt. John Irving, Chas. Hill, C. Booth, John Dalby, and others.

A reception committee was nominated, composed of his worship the mayor and council, with power to add to their numbers. It will be the duty of the committee to draw up an address to his royal highness.

An illumination committee was appointed, consisting of Hon. J. H. Turner, His Worship the Mayor, T. Harman and others.

The printing committee is made up of Messrs. C. Hayward, W. Dalby, W. P. Lindley, Dr. Jones and W. Mesher.

Mr. W. Dalby was appointed general treasurer.

The next meeting will be held on the evening of the coming Monday.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery Government street. YOUNG BROS., 04 Telephone call No. 161.

## PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

*Continued from Fifth Page.*

After some by-play between the Attorney-General and Messrs. Semlin and Cunningham,

Mr. Semlin stated that had the government considered the good of the country they would never have resorted to the consolidation of these islands into one electoral district.

Mr. Semlin twitted the Attorney-General upon having on the 12th February, 1874, formed part of a mob in this city.

Mr. Baker deprecated such opposition to this measure, which was only of a temporary character.

Mr. Ladner said it was evident that the only thing he could do was to protest against the bill, which, for all practical purposes, migh as well be taken as read.

After some further discussion the committee reported the bill complete with amendments, covering the divisions of Nanaimo, Alberni and Comox.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

The House adjourned.

## ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

The Contract for Its Erection Awarded to Mr. Æneas McDonald.

On Sunday last, His Lordship Bishop Lemmens laid before the congregation assembled at High Mass the tenders received for the construction of the new cathedral, and on a vote being taken that of Æneas McDonald, $81,052, was accepted. The figure named includes altars and confessionals, pulpits and pews.

It is expected that ground will be broken next week, and construction advanced as rapidly as possible. Work will be sufficiently advanced, unless some unforeseen difficulty presents itself, to admit of the corner stone being laid early in June, when Archbishop Gross, of Oregon, and other distinguished prelates will be present to assist in the impressive ceremonies. The contract states that the building must be roofed in by November 1st of this year, and that the interior work must be finished by August 1st, 1891. Mr. J. Donovan has received the sub-contract for plastering and ornamental work from Mr. McDonald, and it has been decided to import the altars, which are to be in carved oak, from Belgium direct.

The following were the tenders submitted to the congregation from which to make their choice:

Saul & Waite, $107,533, exclusive of altars, confessionals and pews.

Smith & Clarke, $99,981, exclusive of altars, confessionals, pews and stone windows.

Allan McCullough, $96,785, exclusive of altars, confessionals, pulpit and pews.

William Mortimer & Co., $93,655, exclusive of confessionals.

Elford & Smith, $89,740, exclusive of altars, confessionals, heating, pulpit and pews.

James Kelly, $85,000; pulpit, $180; confessionals, $15.30 each; pews, $28.25 each.

Æneas McDonald, $75,777; altars and confessionals, $3,500; pulpit and pews, $1,775.

George Moore, $73,000. No particulars.

Separate tenders for partial work were also received from J. Donovan, Richard Drake, Hugh McDonald, Thomas Bradbury and McLennan & McFeeley.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y

MANTLES!

Mantles!

Our stock of Spring Mantles just in from ENGLAND, are fully up to our expectations, and we feel confident in placing them before the LADIES that they will give satisfaction.

Call while Stock is complete and make your selections.

C. L. TERRY,

Cash Dry Goods,

COR. BROAD AND YATES STS.

sep14-1yr-dw

Another Anniversary.

CONCORD, Mass.—The 115th anniversary of the Concord fight is being celebrated here with the ringing of bells and firing of salutes. Many townspeople have gone to participate in the Lexington demonstration. At Peabody 600 school children marched to the Lexington monument and held appropriate exercises.

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS,

THE LEADING TAILORS

88 Government Street, Three Doors from Post Office.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

PERFECT FITS GUARANTEED. PRICES REASONABLE.

THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS

☞ First-class Coat Makers and Pant Makers wanted immediately.

March 20, 1890.

THE WESTSIDE,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

We Believe Truth is the Corner Stone

To-day of permanently profitable advertising.

Whatever statements are made must be backed up by merit.

It is useless to say we have goods at such and such a price unless we really have them.

It is no good to say they are cheap unless we are sure such is the fact.

The experience gained during a long period in the Dry Goods business, together with ample facilities, enables us to sell first-class goods as low, if not lower, than any other house (we make no exception whatever.)

We are convinced that our stock for the Spring exceeds any heretofore offered, and, confident of our ability to give satisfaction, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Bonnets, Faille Francaise, and Lyons Cachmere, Merveilleux, Moire, Satin Luxor, Liberty, and Pongee Silks. A superb line of beautiful goods, extra good value.

About 200 FRENCH DRESS PATTERNS, (no two alike), all new shades and designs, manufactured for and strictly confined to ourselves. We believe these to be the very choicest goods that will be exhibited in Victoria this Spring.

Henriettas, Cashmeres, and Cashmere des Indes, noted for fineness of finish, durability of wear, and brilliancy of dye.

CHALLES, PERCALES, CHAMBREYS, IN GREAT VARIETY, With colored Embroidery to match.

MOURNING MATERIALS AND CRAPES A SPECIALTY.

THE WESTSIDE.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

By Express TO-DAY we received Spring assortment of the celebrated Alexandre Napoleon Kid Gloves, also 98 dozen of the

"WESTSIDE GLOVE."

This beautiful elastic Maltese X glove is fully guaranteed and sold at regular price, viz.: $1.25 for four and $1.50 for six-button. Musquetaire Suede in Evening and Tan shades only, from four to sixteen button length.

Pure silk mitts and gloves in good assortment Taffeta and Lisle in great variety.

—HOSIERY—

Ladies' Silk and spun silk, Lisle Thread, Balbriggan, Cashmere, etc. In these goods we handle J. & R. Morley's best makes.

—WOOLS—

16 ounces to the lb. Berlin, Saxony, and Beehive, all at 10c. per

DRESS & MANTLE MAKING.

MISS HIND, of London, England, and late of W. A. MURRAY & Co.'s, Toronto, has charge of our Dressmaking department. Estimates given and price of garment fixed when order is taken.

JACKETS, MANTLES, JERSEYS, DOLMANETTES, BLOUSES, &c.

—ALSO—

JACKETING AND MANTLE CLOTHS, In New Patterns and Shades.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.,

70 Government Street,

VICTORIA.

April 4th, 1890.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON

64 YATES STREET,

Will Sell the following Properties on Easy Terms:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| House and Lot, | Chatham Street, | $2,800 |
| Do. | Hillside Avenue, | 6,000 |
| Do. | Quadra Street, | 6,000 |
| Do. | Cook Street, | 8,500 |
| 4 Houses and Store, | North Park Street, | 8,500 |
| 8 Acres cleared, | Burnside Road, | 8,000 |
| Houses and Lot, | Humboldt Street, | 4,000 |
| 2 Lots, | Cobourg and Oswego Streets, | 1,350 |
| 3 Lots, | Esquimalt Road, | 1,800 |
| 39 Acres, | East Saanich Road, | |
| House and Lot, | Chatham Street, | 3,000 |
| Lot, | Esquimalt, | 900 |
| 226 Acres, | East Saanich Road, | 15,000 |

Lots and Acres on Cadboro Bay Road, Esquimalt Road, and Gorge Road.

CALL AND SEE OUR LISTS.

The most extensive in the city.

We are offering 15 acres, in acre lots, on the Fowl Bay Road, very cheap, and terms easy. Call and see place and get prices.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON

MISCELLANEOUS.

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THE GROCER

Has received, and receives weekly consignments of choice

CALIFORNIA GRASS BUTTER,

which is offered at low figures.

RECENT IMPORTATIONS

—ENABLE ME—

To give families and others best value in the city in fine

TEA and COFFEE

My Blends are well known, and I make specialties of these goods.

A full line of General Groceries, Flour, Feed and Provisions in stock. A trial solicited.

Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE No. 108.

Corner Yates and Broad Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.
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Manchester House,

NEW GOODS

Just Arrived.

Dress Goods, in the Newest Shades,

Both plain and brocaded.

A splendid line of Black Dress Silks—"Amour Royal" and "Sans Egal." These are the best brands of Silk in the market.

NEW PRINTS,

PRINTED SATEENS,

Embroidered Chambreys in all colors, with plain to match.
Hemstitch Embroideries, the newest patterns in the market, 500 pieces to select from.

Our Silk Gloves arrived to-day,

And they are Splendid.

Jerseys in all colors—a beautiful line to select from.

Blouses in flannel and nun's veiling.

The Newest Styles of Millinery

By Express every week.

This Department is in charge of MISS WADSWORTH, of Toronto.

Russian Nett for Dresses in all colors.

To arrive next week, 50 dozen of the best Kid Gloves ever offered in Victoria. Every glove will be warranted.

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88 YATES STREET.

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J. P. BURGESS,

Carpenter and Builder,

10 BROUGHTON ST.

THOS. B. NORGATE,

ARCHITECT,

Patent Solicitor and Mechanical Engineer,

70 YATES STREET,

feb14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

ANGELA COLLEGE

VICTORIA, B. C.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR young ladies, will Re-open on Thursday, April 10th

Principal—Miss DUPONT. ap6-1mo

CARD

MRS. CHUDLEY begs to thank those ladies who have so kindly volunteered to donate bedding, etc., for the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, and will be happy to receive at her residence any further gifts of a similar nature for the same Institution, up to the 3rd day of May.

Corner of Belleville and Oswego streets, James Bay, Victoria. ap14

J. F. WADDINGTON,

CONSULTING ENGINEER.
NAVAL ARCHITECT AND SURVEYOR.

Plans and specifications of Vessels prepared and work superintended during construction or repairs. Agent for the sale and purchase of ships and machinery. Office—Cor. BROAD STREET and TROUNCE ALLEY (up stairs). ap12

PATRONIZE HOME MANUFACTURE

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

QUARRYMEN!—Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap. Rollers and Drills for Hire at ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

ap17-1w WILLIAM POWELL.

NOTICE.

ANDREW TOLMIE having leased the premises occupied by me for so many years at 45 and 47 Yates street, will carry on the business in conjunction with Duncan Stewart, under the name of

TOLMIE & STEWART,

and by a careful selection of liquors and strict attention to business will keep up the well established reputation of the house.

Thanking my friends for their patronage in the past, I would request a continuation of the same for my successors.

JOHN BOYD.

Several comfortable furnished rooms to let on reasonable terms. ap7-1m

CHINESE DOCTOR.

DR. WONG HIM, late (for 16 years) of Los Angeles, California.

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PROF. GRANAT,
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Music furnished for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Entertainments, etc.

Apply to the Headquarters, at the London Harmony.

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